

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2447.

GOVERNOR GRANTS A REPRIEVE

Tanbara Gisaburo Has More Time to Live.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Governor Dole yesterday granted a reprieve for Tanbara Gisaburo, and the hanging set for tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock will have to be postponed until communication can be had with President Roosevelt. The action of the Governor is given in a wireless message to Secretary Cooper, and the papers will be made out later.

The action of Governor Dole was taken upon a statement of the case made to him by Mr. Cooper and on the petition presented by the Japanese consul. The Federal officials were not consulted in the matter, probably because of the impossibility of reaching them by wireless in time to get their views before the execution takes place.

The following telegram was received by Secretary Cooper yesterday afternoon:

"Kona, December 24, 1902. From Sanford B. Dole, Governor of the Territory of Hawaii.

"To Henry E. Cooper, Secretary of the Territory of Hawaii, Honolulu: I hereby reprieve Tanbara Gisaburo, sentenced to be hanged on the 26th of December 1902, for murder, for reference of his case to the President of the United States. Official papers can be made later. Notify Marshal Hendry."

Marshal Hendry was notified yesterday by Warden Henry and by High Sheriff Brown, and the execution will be postponed. Judge Bates nor United States Attorney Breckons would discuss the action of Governor Dole yesterday, though they did not appear pleased with the stay in the proceedings. Judge Bates, in discussing the coming execution, before the reprieve of the Governor was known, said that from the evidence he had no doubt of the guilt of Tanbara, and that he had information that a confession had been made by the murderer.

Secretary Cooper received the message of the Governor by telephone at Pearl City, and stated over the phone that he would come to Honolulu this morning and prepare whatever papers may be necessary in the case.

The reprieve is only until the President can be communicated with, this being the power given the Governor under the Organic Act, and immediate notification will be sent to Washington. It is probable that in case the cable is completed within a week, the President will be communicated with that manner and his decision asked immediately.

Tanbara was notified of the action of the Governor by Warden Henry last evening, but only smiled when he read the full import of the news. There was some talk last evening of trouble between Federal and Territorial officials over the action of the

Governor, but it did not come from any of the United States officials. Though they believe that Tanbara is guilty of a most revolting crime, if there is the slightest doubt of the manner of his conviction they are willing that the matter should be referred to a higher court.

Fortune Sees Plantations.

Commissioner T. Thomas Fortune, who has spent two days in investigation of the plantations at the western end of the island, returned last evening and expressed himself as well pleased with what he has seen, but not yet willing to give any opinion as to the conditions which obtain on the estates. He will make a trip about the islands, and will then be ready to leave in the next ship for the Orient. There is some discussion of a date upon which it may be possible for Mr. Fortune to meet with the labor employers of the islands for the purpose of discussing the quality of the negro worker on the plantations of the South.

FIRE DESTROY PRINTING STOCK

Hawaiian Paper and Supply Co. Warerooms Gutted This Morning.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The two-story corrugated iron frame building on the makai side of King street, below Nuuanu, formerly occupied by the late T. Murray, caused the fire department considerable trouble this morning before the fire which broke out at 3 o'clock was checked.

The building was occupied by the Hawaiian Paper Supply Co., a grocery store and barber shop. The loss to the former will prove heavy as the entire stock of paper, etc., was destroyed by fire and water.

SECOND FIRE AT KING AND FORT

Shortly after 4 p. m. the department was again called out to King and Fort streets to extinguish a fire in the two-story wooden building adjoining Collins' harness shop.

As the Advertiser goes to press (4:30 o'clock) the fire is still burning fiercely. Complete loss of building and contents, paint shop and fruit store.

"Jack" Spreckels Married.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 16. — Miss Edith Huntington, the beautiful young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Willard V. Huntington and grand niece of the late Collis P. Huntington, became the bride last night of John D. Spreckels, Jr., son of John D. Spreckels, president of the J. D. Spreckels Company. A more popular girl or a prettier one never married in her second season. Last winter her debut was made at a party given by her parents in Cotillon Hall, and after a winter filled with social favors and gayety her engagement to young "Jack" Spreckels was announced. The bridesmaids were Miss Pearl Landers and Miss Lillie Spreckels, Miss Grace Spreckels being the maid of honor. Mr. J. D. Warfield was the best man.

NEW DOCKS TO CHRISTMAS IS DOT WATER FRONT JOYFULLY GREETED

Shore Line May Be Completely Changed. Large Crowds Out to Join in the Celebration.

(From Thursday's daily.)

Christmas came with the usual accompaniment of noise and merrymaking on the streets. There was a crowd about the downtown district until long after the midnight hour and when the first second of the holiday came there was a salute of bombs and crackers, of horns, whistles and music.

A real old-fashioned merry Christmas

was observed when crowds of merry-makers surged up and down the main streets of the business section and waited until the midnight hour came. The dawn of the Christmas day was the signal for the outbreak of enthusiasm which lasted for some time and then the streets began to be deserted. The brilliantly-lighted store windows, the pretty Christmas displays in them and the crowds of bundle-bearers gave the downtown district a holiday appearance. It was a good-natured crowd and the big mounted police officers who were stationed at the intersections had little to do. False faces, grotesque papier mache noses, tin horns, and all manner of noise-makers were in evidence. Not only were the sidewalks utilized but the streets as well. The storekeepers in both the English and Oriental speaking districts were busy until close to midnight at which time the last of the purchasers were on their way home with bundles whose contents will gladden the eyes of the little ones when they awake this morning.

The man who was not guilty of making a pack-horse of himself in taking home bundles of Christmas presents was a strange looking being. Bundles of all sizes and descriptions and in all kinds of wrapping paper, were carried by the armful, tucked under elbows, filled bulging pockets and generally made all sorts of amusing trouble to the bearers. "Sling bloke," was an expression which could have been applied to any number of luckless ones whose bundles proved too heavy for the wrapping strings and landed the contents on the ground. It was a big shopping day and the storekeepers have little cause to complain of the volume of business. The streets were fairly filled with people during the day but the jam came at night, when the last few hours were utilized by parents to make purchases while the little ones were at home asleep.

Business was brisk throughout the day and merchants when asked what they thought of the trade universally gave the same answer—"First rate." Christmas services will be held in several of the churches today for which special music has been arranged. Public observance of the day will be largely limited to these services, supplemented by a public concert in Thomas Square commencing at 3 p. m., given by the Hawaiian Government Band. A Sunday School Christmas tree celebration will be held at the Portuguese Protestant church on Miller street, commencing at 7:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL. The services throughout Christmas Day at the Roman Catholic Cathedral are as follows: Masses start at 4:30 a. m. Holy Communion at 6 and 7 o'clock masses. 8 a. m. children's mass with appropriate music by the college. 10:30 a. m. solemn high mass by Rev. Father Libert, Pro Vicar. Program of music at high mass: Easter March.....Catholic Band Kyrie—Gloria de—Four voices.....Peters Ave Maria.....Quartette Salve Regina.....Solo Miss Alice Campbell Albert R. Cunha, organist. Noel.....French.....Adams Solo by Father Valentin. Sortie.....Catholic Mission Band Evening Service. Benediction—Nana Salvatore.....Alma Redemptoris.....Lambillotte Adagio Adolis.....Christmas Carol Collection at all services for the benefit of the church.

THE OFFICIALS of the government will not discuss the matter but the men who have to do with the business on the front are of opinion that such a change in the plans of the water front would mean better accommodations and in general preparation for the future, which is full of promise for the shipping of this port.

Bailey on Grant.

GALENA (Ill.), December 16.—Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas has accepted an invitation of the Grant Birthday Association of Galena to deliver the annual address at the celebration April 27. Senator Bailey will follow a notable list of orators who have addressed the association, including McKinley, Roosevelt and Judge Spear of Georgia.

Marconi expects to startle the world with a new invention in connection with wireless telegraphy.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

The services in St. Andrew's Episcopal Cathedral today are as follows:

7 a. m.—Choral celebration of Holy Communion, Bishop Restarick celebrant. Bryan's service will be sung by the choir. 10 a. m.—Morning prayer with sermon by the Bishop. The choir will sing the proper psalms to chants and the following music:

Te Deum in F.....Vogrich Jubilate in F.....Garrett Anthem—"It Came Upon the Midnight Clear".....Stainer Hymn—"O Come All Ye Faithful".....Adelstein Adagio Hymn—"Hark, the Herald Angels Sing".....Mendelssohn

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH.

At St. Clement's church, Episcopal, corner of Wilder avenue and Makiki street, today's services will take place at 10 a. m. The music program is as follows:

Te Deum, E Minor.....Dudley Buck Jubilate, E Flat.....Dudley Buck Anthem—"Let Us Go Even Unto Bethlehem".....Flejo Gowers Communion Service. Solists—Miss Ward, Mrs. L. de L. Ward, Mrs. J. H. Soper, Mr. C. Osborne, Mr. G. E. Smithies.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.

At the German Lutheran church at 5:30 p. m. today there will be a Christmas tree celebration with sermon for children.

"CHRISTMAS EVE AT GRANDPA'S."

A novel Christmas entertainment will be given at the Christian church on Friday evening. The principal attraction will be a Christmas Cantata entitled: "Christmas Eve at Grandpa's." All the Sunday School children, parents and members of the church are urged to be present.

THE "CRIB" AT ST. LOUIS.

The yearly custom of presenting the "Crib" at St. Louis College will be regarded today as usual. The stage in the auditorium has been arranged to represent a miniature Holy Land, with mountains, valleys, buildings, streams, holy edifices and the stable in which Christ was born. This evening the pretty scene will be ready for visitors.

"CHRISTMAS EVE AT GRANDPA'S."

The Christmas entertainment of the Christian church will be given tomorrow (Friday) evening at the church at 7:30 o'clock. A Christmas Cantata, "Christmas Eve at Grandpa's," will be the principal feature of the entertainment. All the children of the Bible School and every member of the church should be present. Any others who would enjoy the evening are invited. The children of the school will receive a treat.

Y. W. C. A. CELEBRATES.

Christmas was duly celebrated at the Y. W. C. A. yesterday. Mrs. T. Clive Davies and Mrs. von Holt sent flowers, ferns and berries for the decorations and the rooms had a most inviting appearance. Mrs. Davies presided at the piano at the noon song service and Miss Alice Davies sang two Christmas carols which were greatly appreciated. There were ninety guests at the special lunch, the menu consisting of tomato soup, roast beef, chicken, lobster

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TOURISTS WILL COME TO HAWAII

Smith Talks With the Passenger Agents.

F. C. Smith, general passenger agent for the Oahu Railway, returned on the Nebraska Tuesday evening from an extended trip in the East, where he succeeded in enlisting nearly all the passenger agents of the United States in the effort to promote tourist travel towards Hawaii. Mr. Smith attended the national convention of the American Association of General Passenger Agents at Portland, Maine, following which he visited the railroad officials in their own headquarters.

"I expect a few tourists down here this winter," said Mr. Smith yesterday. "Through the real influx of tourists will not come until the next year and thereafter. I should have visited the passenger agents two months earlier than I did, to accomplish more good, and then I would have reached them in time to secure their cooperation in pushing Hawaii in their this year's advertising of winter resorts."

"I saw many of the general passenger agents at the convention, and after that visited them in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburg, and other places. The railroad men generally and the transcontinental lines particularly are much interested in Hawaii. The possibilities of the islands as a place for winter visits had not been placed before them previously, and they wanted to know everything possible about the territory."

"This is new business for the Eastern Railroads. People who always spend their winters in warmer climes are becoming tired of visiting Florida annually, or making winter trips to California and no further. They want to see Hawaii worked up and are willing to help do this. Many of them even now receive queries in regard to the islands, but the lack of a cable always prevented business men from coming here, and unfavorable replies were invariably returned. With the cable, there will be no further objection to business men coming for a few months at a time, for they can be in constant communication with the business centers."

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TANBARA GISABURO.



FRED C. SMITH, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT OF THE OAHU R. R.

DEATH OF U. S. GRANT'S WIDOW Her Passing Away Foretold in a Dream.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant died at her residence in this city at 11:17 o'clock tonight. Death was due to heart failure, Mrs. Grant having suffered for years from valvular disease of the heart, which was aggravated by a severe attack of bronchitis. Her age prevented her rallying from the attacks. Her daughter, Nellie Grant Sartoris, was the only one of her children with her at the time of her death, her three sons, who had been summoned, all being unable to reach here in time.

There also were present at the bedside when the end came Miss Rose Mary Sartoris, a granddaughter, Dr. Bishop, one of the attending physicians, and two trained nurses.

Death came peacefully, the sufferer retaining consciousness practically to the end. Word has come from Jesse and U. S. Grant, Jr., two of the sons in California, that they have started on their way to Washington. The other son, General Fred Grant, is hastening hither from Texas.

The body of Mrs. Grant will be deposited in the tomb at Riverside Park, New York, where that of her husband now rests. Whether it will be taken thither immediately or this ceremony will be postponed for a time could not be ascertained tonight.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—While the final arrangements for the funeral of Mrs. U. S. Grant will not be made until the arrival here of General Grant and other members of the family, it is settled that there will be short religious services in this city, and that the remains will be placed by the side of her husband's tomb in Riverside Park, New York. The Pennsylvania railroad has offered to provide a combination car for the casket and pall-bearers and a private car for the use of the family in the journey from this city to the tomb, to be attached to any train that the funeral party may desire. The Secretary of War has directed that all the army officers stationed in New York and vicinity shall attend the services at the tomb in full dress uniform. It has been arranged that the steamer Meigs shall meet the funeral party at Jersey City and convey it to the tomb, where there is a convenient landing place.

FORETOLD IN A DREAM.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Mrs. Mary Grant Cramer, a sister of General U. S. Grant, who lives with her sister, Mrs. Virginia Grant Corbin, at East Orange, N. J., says, according to a dispatch to the Tribune, that the death of Mrs. Grant was foretold to her in a dream on December 6th.

"The dream was exceedingly vivid," said Mrs. Cramer, "I thought Mrs. Grant came to my bedside and, placing her hand on my shoulder said impressively: 'Mary, I have come to talk with you and to say good-bye because I am not going to be with you much longer.'"

Mrs. Cramer told her dream at the breakfast table the next morning and to her surprise a friend of the family, Mrs. Katherine Lawrence, who was visiting them at the time, said that she, too, had had a similar dream. Mrs. Lawrence said that she dreamt that she, Mrs. Cramer and Mrs. Corbin stood in the portal of Grant's tomb on Riverside Drive, near New York, and there appeared to be a large crowd of persons outside, drawn up in two lines, waiting the arrival of a cavalcade of some kind.

FRED GRANT NOTIFIED.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 15.—General Fred Grant, U. S. A., commanding the Department of Texas, returned from a tour of inspection of the army posts this afternoon. At Alice he first learned of the death of his mother this morning. At 9 o'clock accompanied by Mrs. Grant, he started for Washington on a Missouri, Kansas and Texas train.

PRESIDENT WILL VISIT THE COAST

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—President Roosevelt today formally accepted the invitation of the citizens' committee of San Francisco to attend the dedication of the navy monument to commemorate the battle of Manila. The monument is now nearing completion. Following is the letter of acceptance received by former Mayor Phelan, chairman of the committee:

"WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C., December 13, 1902.—My Dear Phelan: It will give me the utmost pleasure to accept the very kind invitation extended by you on behalf of the citizens' committee to participate in the ceremonies dedicating the monument in honor of the American Navy and to commemorate Admiral Dewey's victory in Manila Bay. My visit to San Francisco will probably be sometime in May and I will let you know as soon as the date is decided. With regards,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT"

American Philibusters
BUTTE (Mont.), December 16.—It is stated on what appears to be good authority that a filibustering party is being organized here to go to Venezuela. At least one armed company, crack shots and old mountaineers, will go south in a few days. A number of Spanish War veterans are among the men enlisted.

PACIFIC CABLE BEING LAID AT GOOD RATE

Silvertown Makes Seven Knots An Hour.

Reports Show the Vessel
Was Well Along a
Week Ago.

Unless there has been an unforeseen and certainly an unexpected accident to the cable ship Silvertown, the Pacific Commercial cable end will reach Honolulu before the beginning of another week.

Delayed two days by bad weather at the Coast, the ship which is bearing the strand which is to connect the continent with the Islands got away finally and finely on December 14, and according to dispatches received under date of December 16 had covered 240 miles of the journey to this city, was paying out cable without incident, and making a speed record of seven knots an hour.

Honolulu folk yesterday were somewhat disconcerted by the reports from Fanning Island that the shore connection was not attempted until December 19, and that the breaking of the hawser had caused the return of the cable ship to the harbor, where it remained on December 20, the date of the alleged dispatches. This came by the steamer Sonoma from Fanning. The news brought by the Sonoma came through the captain of the British cruiser Shearwater, who was a visitor on board the Oceanic liner. From the news brought by the Nebraska there is no conclusion possible but that dates were mixed on the messages which told circumstantially of the breaking of the shore hawser, an event which took place on December 13. In view of this fact and the added circumstance that the Nebraska, which left San Francisco on the afternoon of December 16, had fine weather on the way down, there is no other conclusion possible but that the information which was given from the Fanning office of the British cable, was of the date of December 15, and conveyed no later information.

The news which was brought by the steamer Nebraska covers up to 4 p. m. of December 16, and the officials of the cable company here take the view that the Fanning information was conveyed as of recent date, when in fact it should be taken as recounting the information of preceding days. They, however, regard it as peculiar that the Nebraska did not sight the cable paying vessel, owing to the fact that the route charted for the cable is that which is followed by steamers from the Coast coming to the Islands.

The progress of the Silvertown, the making of 240 knots between the time of departure from the Ocean front of San Francisco and noon on December 16, is regarded as very fair, owing to the fact that the weather on the Coast is always the worst encountered on the voyage to Honolulu. If no accidents have occurred since the last report of the steamer, the arrival of the ship is now expected on December 28. The speed report indicates that after passing through the storm on the Coast the ship was able to take up the usual speed which is compatible with safety in laying the cable, seven knots an hour, and will keep up that rate during the cruise, with the exception of the time necessary to change over from one tank to another.

The route to be taken by the cable ship is 2,200 miles in length, and from noon on Tuesday last there were still 1,960 miles to be traversed. This would take, with ordinary delays, twelve days to cover, and the vessel might well be expected to arrive at noon on Sunday, being sighted several hours before that time from Waimanalo or off Koko Head. This is the opinion of local cable officials, and they are of the opinion that in view of the good weather encountered by the freighter there is no reason to believe that disaster to the cable has occurred.

CANAL TREATY HINGES ON PRICE

WASHINGTON, December 16.—Dr. Herran, the Colombian Charge, who has been clothed with full powers by the Bogota government to sign a canal treaty, was an early caller at the State Department today and spent half an hour with Secretary Hay in a further effort to reach an agreement as to the price this country shall pay for the concession.

Dr. Herran predicts that the treaty will be ready for submission to Congress before Christmas. It is understood both at the State Department and at the Colombian legation that the question of price is the only barrier now to the conclusion of a satisfactory convention.

Many philibusters have been arrested in St. Petersburg.

(Associated Press Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
Dec. 16th.—At 1:58 o'clock the following message was received from the Silvertown:
Noon—240 knots off the coast in a heavy sea. Rain during night but clear today. Speed seven knots. Everything going well.

SEA CABLE LAID AND CHRISTENED

"To the memory of John W. Mackay I christen thee Pacific Cable. Good luck to thee. May you always carry messages of happiness!"

After an unsuccessful attempt to send ashore the shore end of the cable at San Francisco, made on Friday morning, December 12th, that portion of the work of joining the continent and the island of the Pacific, was completed on Sunday, ten days ago, without incident and in remarkably short time. The failure of the first trial was due to the high surf on the Coast and was the result, in large part, to the caution which has marked the entire work on the part of the contractors. The Silvertown left San Francisco harbor on December 12th, and returned that day, leaving again on Sunday morning. This conforms, except as to dates, with the information from Fanning and without doubt gave rise to the false reports.

When the Silvertown began the work of laying the cable's shore end, it was 11 o'clock Friday, the ship having been off for two hours in a fog about one mile off shore. The lifesaving crew went out and got the end of the tow line which was to bring ashore the heavy cable, which in turn would drag in the deep sea line. There had gathered upon the beach 50,000 people, who desired to assist in the inauguration of the great work and the officials of the cable company, including President Clarence W. Mackay, were in attendance, with many invited guests. When the lifeboat with the line approached the shore, the surf being high and the wash on the shore threatening, a crowd of people, headed by Mr. Mackay, and including many students of the State University, rushed to the boat and got hold of the line, assisting in dragging it ashore.

It was when the heavy cable had been secured to the shore end that the troubles began. The ship signalled that the surf was too high and a wait of an hour was had for the tide to turn. Then there was a commencement. The heavy line was rove through a block and a team of a dozen horses hitched to the end for the purpose of dragging the cable ashore. From the very first there was disorder. The animals became frightened and made a rush into the crowd and several persons were bruised. Another start was made and the heavy line being suddenly tightened, President Mackay was knocked down, though only slightly hurt, and G. W. McNear was rendered unconscious for an hour. Finally the cable was hauled in, until at the middle of the afternoon, when twenty fathoms of the sea end had been dropped overboard, the Silvertown signalled that it was too rough to carry on the work and that a return to the harbor would be made. This was a disappointment not only to those who had come to see the work, but as well to the men interested, and President Mackay was the most thoroughly disheartened of all. He assured his friends that it was due entirely to the contractors, who had to lay the cable and keep it in operation for one month, and that their judgment was to rule.

The Silvertown returned to the harbor of San Francisco and an immaterial break in the machinery was repaired. It was then decided that as the heavy draft of the Silvertown made it impossible for that vessel to come near to the shore, the steam schooner Newbery should be chartered, and six miles of the cable put aboard that little ship. The light draft of the schooner made it possible for it to come within a quarter of a mile of the beach and rendered the danger of trouble very much less. The transfer of the six miles of cable occupied Saturday and it was not until Sunday morning that the second and successful attempt to land the cable was made.

Early in the morning the two ships went out to a point opposite the Cliff house and before nine o'clock the work of landing the tow cable was begun. This was successfully accomplished, the life boat and teams of horses assisting. Finally at 9:15 o'clock the first section of the deep sea conductor was sent off the Newbery and toward the shore. The cable was buoyed here and there with air-filled balloons and it took only thirty-nine minutes to cover the quarter of a mile from the schooner to the beach.

It was a few minutes after the end had reached a point where it should emerge from the water that President Mackay arrived, the ceremony of receiving the wires being delayed until his presence had been secured. Mr. Mackay was accompanied by Gov. Gage, Mrs. Gage and Miss Lucile Gage, who was to christen the cable, Mayor Schmitz and other notable men of the city and state.

The invited guests ranged about the youthful head of the enterprise, and the maid, and as the wire bound end of the conductor came from the waves, Miss Gage dashed a bottle of champagne against the mass and christened the cable. The ten-year-old child had composed the speech with which she performed the ceremony and President Mackay was much impressed by its sincerity. Immediately the crowd began to cheer and the bands to play and the great work was about its end, for the two lengths were quickly joined and then the Newbery was seen proceeding to sea to join the Silvertown, which at once, took aboard the cable and again a splice was made and the preparations for the journey to Hawaii were undertaken, the smoke streaming from the funnels being the sign for renewed cheering by the people ashore.

As the splicing was going on the visitors gathered about and speeches were made by Mayor Schmitz, Mr. Mackay and Governor Gage and the crowds cheered and afterward spent the day in looking over the stretch of cable and watching the ship which was still in the distance waiting for the completion of the splicing aboard ship before beginning the eventful voyage. President Mackay sent the following message to President Roosevelt:

San Francisco, December 14, 1902. To Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.

I have the honor to inform you that the end of the Honolulu cable was successfully brought to shore this morning, Governor Gage being present.

C. M. MACKAY,
Pres. Commercial Pacific Cable Co.

It was about midnight on Sunday when the Silvertown began the journey and the first news received was that on Monday, when at 4 o'clock p. m. the vessel had paid out 77 miles, and was proceeding at a regular rate of speed to the west.

President Mackay after witnessing the successful laying of the shore end, left at once for New York, leaving Vice President Ward to overlook the work at San Francisco and keep in touch with the ship during the voyage.

When the Silvertown cleared for Honolulu duties were paid to the amount of \$5500 on instruments to be used at that end of the line and \$2600 on one league of the cable.

Typically Japanese.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—A Philadelphia firm, according to a Press dispatch from that city, has received an order from the Japanese government for several X-ray machines which are to be used for a novel purpose. The firm some time ago sold to a representative of the Mikado an X-ray machine which, the Japanese explained, was to be used in the government mint in Japan for the detection of dishonest employees who stole gold coins by swallowing them.

The machine was used to examine suspects as they left the mint daily, and, of course, it revealed the presence of any coins "in their midst." The test was so satisfactory that the Mikado ordered several more machines, hoping to prevent the form of theft referred to.

A banking organization has been effected in New York which will bring into harmony the financial and insurance interests of the Mutual Life Assurance Co., the Equitable Life and the Morton Trust Co., with capital at \$10,000,000.

OF UNTOLD VALUE

The Information Contained in
This Honolulu Citizen's
Statement is Priceless.

The hale, the hearty, the strong can afford to toss this paper to one side impatiently when they read the following, but any sufferer in Honolulu who has spent a mint of money and suffered hours of excruciating torture caused by kidney complaint, pain in the back and sides, headaches, nervousness, frequent thirst, hot, dry skin, shortness of breath, evil forebodings, troubled sleep, puffiness of the eyelids, swelling of the feet and ankles, loss of flesh, or dark-colored urine, will stand in his own light if he does not follow the valuable advice offered by this resident:

Mr. H. G. Crabbe, of Nunanu street, this city, formerly a merchant and clerk, now a collector, writes: "My age is 69 years, and I am blessed with children and grandchildren. For about two years I have been troubled with a severe pain in the back. A short time ago I purchased some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hillister & Co's Drug Store, and found great relief through using them. I keep some of the pills by me as a safeguard against attacks of my old complaint, which I need not fear so long as I have a remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to combat them."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50. Mailed by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Children in the Mines.

SCRANTON (Pa.), December 16.—When the Coal Strike Commission met today Chairman Gray opened the proceedings by saying that the commissioners were impressed with the spectacle of the little girls who were before the commission yesterday and testified that they worked all night. He said the people of the community and citizens of the commonwealth should not let the incident pass without taking some steps to have the legislature of Pennsylvania seriously consider the enactment of a law that will forbid the employment of children at night. At the suggestion of the commission the statement of the wages of the fathers of the two girls was presented. One earned more than \$1,000 last year and the other over \$800.

Cuban Reciprocity Treaty.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—General Bess, who was sent to Havana to aid Minister Squires in drafting a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba, reached Washington this morning and delivered to Secretary Hay the treaty signed in Havana last week. It provides for a 20 per cent reduction in the tariff charges on Cuban products entering the United States and heavy reductions on American exports to Cuba.

To prevent croup, begin in time. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given, all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed, it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy as it contains nothing injurious. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Don't

polish stoves with SILICON, use Rising Sun Stove Polish and use the Silicon on your silverware.

Metal Polish

both liquid and paste, Universal, Putz, Brilliantshine, "U. S." are the right things to use on all sorts of metals to make them bright.

Shoe Polish

from the old fashioned "Mason's Blacking" to the latest in French Dressings, also Day & Martin's in jars.

Steel Polish

will clean rusty tools, cutlery, instruments, etc., and make them as good as new. Don't throw anything away because it is badly rusted get a package of Steel Polish and you can clean and save the article. When you get ready to shine up, call on

E. O. HALL & SON, LIMITED

Corner Fort and King Streets.



No Need of Argument

The delightful flavor and healthful qualities are the test for

Primo Lager

Order a trial case from the brewery or your liquor dealer.

Furniture

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WRIGHT IS RELEASED

De Bolt Orders His Immediate Arrest.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Walter A. Wright was released upon habeas corpus by Judge Gear yesterday, as he had previously stated would be done, but the former tax assessor was immediately rearrested upon a new warrant issued by Judge De Bolt on a complaint setting out the same facts regarding the alleged embezzlement.

Judge Gear in his decision releasing Wright says:

"It is clear from the record as well as the evidence that petitioner did not have a preliminary examination, and I am satisfied that there was no legal waiver thereof.

"The notes of the District Magistrate after setting out the charge state as follows:

"Defendant's plea was reserved. W. J. Sheldon for the defendant. By the court: This case is committed to the March term, 1933, of the Fifth Judicial Circuit.

"G. L. KOPA, District Magistrate. "The reserving by the defendant of his plea was not a waiver of examination, and the District Magistrate could not deprive defendant of his right to such an examination.

"The question then arises: Can the court inquire into what took place before the District Magistrate prior to commitment?

"While the authorities are conflicting as to whether on habeas corpus the weight and sufficiency of evidence tending to support the commitment may be considered, there is no conflict upon the question as to whether there is any evidence to support it. The rule is as follows:

"It is well settled that the court on the hearing in a habeas corpus proceeding, may inquire whether there is any legal evidence to support the commitment."—15 Am. & Eng. Encycl. of Law, page 139.

"There having been no evidence introduced in this case and no legal waiver of a preliminary examination, the District Magistrate (who, it is admitted, does not understand the English language) had no right or authority to commit the defendant for trial. "The commitment being void, the defendant must be discharged, and it is so ordered.

"GEAR, J."

Assistant Attorney General Douthitt immediately swore out a new complaint before Judge De Bolt charging Wright with the embezzlement of \$2,200 in government funds, collected by him as deputy tax assessor. The bond was fixed at \$2,500 which Wright gave, and he was immediately released. A preliminary hearing will be had before Judge De Bolt next Monday.

NOAR IS REPRIMANDED.

Isaac Noar was before Judge Robinson yesterday to answer for contempt in interfering with W. E. Fisher as receiver for the Star block. L. A. Andrews appearing for Noar contended that as an appeal had been taken, the order of Judge Robinson was without effect and there could be no contempt. Judge Robinson differed on this proposition saying that the order appointing a receiver was an interlocutory one and there could be no appeal from it unless with the permission of the court. The court held however that the violation of the order had not been wilful, but simply through ignorance and with the advice of counsel. Noar was discharged with a reprimand and warned not to interfere with Fisher again.

CRAWFORD GETS OFF.

Willie Crawford was purged of contempt before Judge Robinson. He had been cited for failure to pay alimony and took the stand to testify that he had no money with which to comply with the court's order. He said that he had made only \$17 during November and it required \$50 for him to live, he borrowing the rest of the money on his fire warrants. The citation was dismissed as it was impossible for Crawford to obey the court's order.

WILL GET NO NEW TRIAL.

Judge Gear yesterday overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Territory of Hawaii vs. C. K. Ai et al., in which the United Chinese Society's troubles are involved.

The court held that it had lost jurisdiction when the appeal was perfected and now was powerless to make any order in the case, or grant a new trial. The petitioners are estopped from an appeal because of the loss of the stenographer's notes of the evidence as no transcript can be obtained. The Supreme Court will probably be asked to interfere in the case.

BISHOP & CO. ANSWER.

Bishop & Co have filed an answer in the suit of German Savings & Loan Society vs. C. B. Desky et al., alleging that they have an interest in the Progress block. Bishop & Co. allege that they have a note for \$17,000 signed by C. S. Desky and secured by a mortgage upon the Progress block and also upon the Pacific Heights property, subject to a first mortgage of \$50,000 held by C. W. Booth. The defendants ask in the event of the sale of the property that their claim be paid out of any balance remaining.

COURT NOTES.

A bill of costs for \$248.84 has been filed by plaintiff in the case of Y. Ahin vs. John K. Sumner.

The execution in the case of H. G. Middlemitch vs. H. C. Austin has been returned as satisfied, the property levied upon having been sold for \$175.

ALLIED SHIPS BOMBARD PORT OF VENEZUELA

Puerto Cabello's Forts Reply But Are Soon Demolished By Shells.

PUERTO CABELLO, Saturday, December 13.—The British cruiser Charybdis and the German cruiser Vineta bombarded the fortress here at 5 o'clock this afternoon and quickly silenced it. The bombardment lasted for forty-five minutes. The fortress is composed of Fort Solano and the Castle Libertador. After the firing ceased the Charybdis sent marines to occupy the castle. The fortress was almost demolished. It is probable that only a few persons were injured by the shelling. The commander of Castle Libertador has been taken prisoner. The cruisers are still here.

At 7 o'clock this morning the Charybdis and the Vineta arrived here searching for Venezuelan gunboats. The two cruisers sent their boats into the inner port, but finding no gunboats the boats returned. The captain of the British merchant steamer Topaz, which was seized by the mob last Wednesday, then visited the British Commodore on board the Charybdis and lodged a protest against the violation of his ship. The British captain returned an hour later with a detachment of fifty marines, who took charge of the Topaz. The populace was greatly excited at this incident and raised the cry "To arms!" but there was no disorder.

The British Commodore then sent a message to the authorities at Puerto Cabello demanding immediate satisfaction for the action of the mob in having hauled down the British flag from the Custom house, saying that if satisfaction was not forthcoming in two hours at 5 o'clock the fortress and the Custom house would be bombarded. On the receipt of this demand the authorities sent a message to President Castro asking for instructions.

A committee of the merchants of Puerto Cabello then approached the American Consul here, petitioning him to intervene. The Consul accepted this mission and visited the cruisers, but he could obtain no alteration in the decision of the allies.

At 4:45 o'clock a reply was received from President Castro, who authorized the chief official here to give the British Commodore ample satisfaction. Before this answer could be communicated to the American Consul the hour stipulated for the reply arrived. The cruisers immediately opened fire on the fortress. The fire was returned from Fort Solano and Castle Libertador, but the Venezuelan guns were soon silenced. While the firing continued there was intense excitement in this port. Every house in town was closed.

The people of Puerto Cabello cannot account for this precipitate action on the part of the allies, which they consider to be proof that Great Britain and Germany intend forcing war upon Venezuela. The British marines propose to make use of the cannon in Castle Libertador. No damage was done to the town. The excitement of the people is subsiding.

LA GUAYRA (Venezuela), Dec. 15.—Dynamite and the torch completed the demolition of the harbor defenses of Puerto Cabello after they had been dismantled and riddled by the gun fire of the German cruiser Vineta and the British cruiser Charybdis.

NO ORDERS TO SINK SHIPS.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—As the result of fresh inquiries made regarding the reported sinking of Venezuelan vessels off La Guayra, it is learned that the orders given to the German and British commanders were to capture the vessels before beginning the blockade. No orders were given to sink them. If, however, any vessel has been sunk it was a military measure necessary in carrying out the foregoing orders. No report has yet been received from Commodore Schroeder, the German commander. A report was received from Herr Pilgrim-Baltax as follows:

Four Venezuelan vessels captured. One of them disabled. Two German vessels, the Vineta and Panther, and one English, the Revolution (probably the Retribution), participated in the seizure.

The Foreign Office refuses to believe the vessels were sunk and will not credit the report until confirmatory news is received officially from the Ger-

man representatives on the spot. At any rate, it is added, if the vessels were sunk it is the joint result of the joint action of both squadrons and in consequence of the resistance.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Foreign Office informs the press that the British Government disclaims responsibility for the sinking of the Venezuelan vessels, off La Guayra, which it entirely attributes to the German forces.

SOUTH AMERICA ALARMED.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 12.—All the newspapers here see in the Anglo-German intervention in Venezuela danger for all South American republics, as it tends to establish precedents endangering their sovereignty. The general opinion is that the investment of foreign capital, though desirable for the development of a country, cannot give foreigners special rights. Some papers compare the actual intervention with recent events in China. The Prensa says:

"The Anglo-German military action has violated the rights and disregarded the sovereignty of the South American republics."

It adds that the German claims, as public debts, are without precedent in the history of South America. The Prensa attributes the whole affair to European imperialists, who are inspired with hostile intentions against increasing the influence of the United States and urges South American diplomats to watch developments.

Throughout South America similar views are held, and the republics are looking to the United States to intervene.

REVOLUTION IMMINENT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—A cable to the Sun from Antwerp says: An important commercial firm having constant relations with Venezuela has received a cipher message from Caracas intimating that the position of President Castro is daily becoming more difficult. A new revolution seems imminent. General Matos, the revolutionary leader, refuses to co-operate with President Castro. Business in Caracas has stopped and all shops are closed.

LATEST BULLETINS FROM VENEZUELA

CARACAS, Dec. 16.—The Governor of Margarita Island reports that British and German warships are off that island.

Minister Bowen yesterday politely refused to have a monster patriotic parade pass before the United States Legation. Everyone here hopes that the arbitration proposed by Venezuela through Mr. Bowen and Washington will be granted.

When the combined fleets seized the Venezuelan ships at La Guayra the German commander delivered to the Venezuelan captain the following document:

"By order of my sovereign, and at the command of the commodore of the German squadron in West Indian waters, I, the commander of the Panther, request you to lower your ship's flag immediately and leave your ship with your crew within ten minutes. This is not a measure of war on the part of Germany, but only with the object of making a provisional seizure of your ship in order to oblige the Venezuelan government to recognize our just demands. In case you disobey and wish to defend your ship, I shall be obliged to prevent you from so doing by the discharge of arms. December 1

(Signed) "CKERTMAN, "Commander."

Further details of the sinking of the Venezuelan ships have been obtained from an entry made in the book of the

signalman of the fortress of La Guayra.

It is as follows:

"Tuesday, December 9, 1900 night.—The adjutant called me to see if I knew the steamer Retribution of the English navy, was towing the steamers (respo and Totune, of the National navy, three or four miles north. I had heard four cannon shots and said the two steamers had disappeared and understood they had been sunk by the Vineta and Retribution. At the end of an hour the Retribution returned to the harbor alone. (Signed) "SIGNAL COMMANDER, "Of the Forts."

The fact that the Retribution returned to La Guayra alone two hours after leaving with the captured vessels was confirmed by English residents of La Guayra. Consequently, she did not have time to conduct the Venezuelan ships to Curacao or Trinidad.

SCARE AT LA GUAYRA.

LA GUAYRA, Dec. 15.—The arrival of the British cruiser Charybdis and the torpedo boat destroyer Quail yesterday caused a bad scare among the population of this place. The commander of the fortress visited the American, French, Spanish and Dutch consuls and asked them in case the British landed marines to intervene to prevent firing on the fort, as he had received orders from the government to evacuate the place. The commander added that if the consuls refused to intervene and the fort was attacked he would defend his post and could not answer for the consequences to the town, which is without any defense with the exception of a few armed policemen. At 5 o'clock, however, the Charybdis and the Quail left La Guayra and the fears of the population subsided.

What caused most of the alarm was the fact that when the British ships arrived here they took up a commanding position, their guns covering the fort, and remained stationary for a few moments, as if about to fire. The Charybdis and the Quail steamed away in the direction of Curacao.

The foreign consuls subsequently called on the prefect, who assured them there was no danger at present. He added that the commander of the fort had been needlessly alarmed, and had only succeeded in almost causing a panic.

PRELIMINARY TO ARBITRATION.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The German government has not yet replied to President Castro's offer of arbitration, being still in correspondence with the British government on the subject. It is intimated that Germany's reply is not likely to be ready for some days. The opinion of the cabinet appears to be that President Castro's proposals are merely a move in a game designed to see what Germany and Great Britain are now willing to do, and as a test also of American public feeling. The prevailing idea here at present is that it is too late to arbitrate, and that the acceptance of the offer to do so would place Germany in the position of having put her hand to the plow, and as looking backward. The government's concern at the present moment is to guide the application of force so as to avoid what could be taken internationally as a declaration of war, resulting in the recognition of Venezuela as a belligerent. The conduct of the United States is regarded in diplomatic opinion here as being strong and dignified, and the State Department's handling of the affair is looked upon as establishing Europe's recognition of the Monroe doctrine, because every step of Germany and Great Britain was made after taking into account what the United States thought of it. At the same time it is claimed that events in Venezuela are saving the United States many future complications by letting the Latin Republics understand that the United States will not protect them from the effects of financial delinquency and internal disorder.

ITALY TAKES A HAND.

ROME, Dec. 16.—The claims of Italy on Venezuela referred to by Foreign Minister Prinetti in the Chamber of Deputies here yesterday comprise losses sustained by Italian citizens during the recent revolutions. Most of the 7,618 Italian residents of Venezuela have been heavy losers. The Poggioli firm, from Elba, is the greatest sufferer. All its property was sacked.

(Continued on Page 7.)

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Don't you want to feel the glow of new-born life in your blood and nerves, to feel the bubbling spirit of youth again? Don't you want to have a strong heart, courage, nerves of steel, self-confidence, strength, ambition, energy, grit and endurance? Don't you want to be rid of the "come and go" pains, the Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Varicose, Weak Back and the many other troubles that make life miserable? Then try

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It gives lasting strength. Its cures are permanent, forever. Its touch is the touch of magnetism; it creates in a weakened body new life, strength, energy, courage, happiness and long life. It is Nature's Greatest Restorer, applied gently while you sleep. It will transform your weakened, pain-racked body into a paradise of health. Try it, you weak, debilitated man, you poor, weary and disheartened woman; feel the life blood warming your heart, the fire in your blood and the steel in your nerves. Let it cure you.

THE BEST ARGUMENT WHICH CAN BE OFFERED IN PRAISE OF A CURATIVE REMEDY IS THE WORD OF ONE WHO HAS TRIED IT AND SAYS, "IT CURED ME." HERE IS ONE OF \$0,000 AND THE EVIDENCE OF THE OTHERS IS ON FILE AT MY OFFICE FOR ALL WHO ARE INTERESTED.

FREE TEST—I will be glad to give you a free test if you will call. Or I will send you my little book, with full information, sealed, free, if you will send this ad.

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Former Price	\$160.	Now	\$125.
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Note these figures—Nothing like them were offered before. Substantial reductions on all other vehicles. Harness, Whips, etc. likewise reduced.

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15c. Steel Chopping Knives, now... 5c.
Bread knives with carved handles, always sold at 50c., only... 25c.
White enameled cream jugs... 20c.
Best quality ice picks, choice... 25c.
Scotch granite drinking cups... 10c.
White enameled dust pans, 3 sizes, very strong, will last for years, choice... 20c.
Gray enameled pierced dippers and skimmers, your choice, each... 10c.
Plated knives and forks, 1/2 dozen each in lined box, choice, box... 75c.
Table spoons, silver steel, 3 different patterns, always 75c. dozen, now... 50c.
Tea spoons, silver steel, per doz... 25c.
Tin tea and coffee pots, 1 quart... 10c.
2 quarts... 15c.
3 quarts... 20c.
4 quarts... 25c.
6 quarts... 35c.

SOME OF THE LOTS ARE SMALL, BUT WILL BE REPLACED BY OTHERS AS SOON AS SOLD.

White enameled tea pots, should be 75c. Special sale price... 35c.
White enameled coffee pots, very durable, always clean, your choice 40c.
Tubed cake pans, gray enameled, always 25 and 30c. each, choice, any size... 10c.
Carving knives and forks, best steel, stag handles, cheap at \$2.00 per set, now per set... \$1.50
Carving knives and forks, extra good and strong, should be \$1.25, a bargain, per set... 75c.
Sixty-cent Christy meat knives only 25c.
White enameled candlesticks, only 10c.
Gray enameled coffee crushers, 1-lb. 15c.
Tin sauce pans with covers, 1 qt., 10c. 2 qts., 10c.; 3 qts., 15c.; 4 qts., 15c. 6 qts., 20c.
Tin covered buckets, 1/2 qt., 5c.; 1 qt., 10c.; 2 qts., 10c.; 3 qts., 15c.; 4 qts., 20c.; 6 qts., 25c.

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26.

CHRISTMAS THOUGHTS.

One of the most significant aspects of the world's Christmas is the news that its approach is being signalled by the reference of the Venezuelan trouble to a court of arbitration. There were the elements of a bloody and prolonged war in the assault of two great powers upon a disordered, a bankrupt and a helpless American republic. One has but to read the dispatches from Washington, embodying the comment of Senators and Representatives, to see how easily a war spirit might have arisen there; and the earlier advice from Venezuela showed a growing and more reckless policy of aggression which might, at any moment, call for the intervention of this power. Fire was burning dangerously near an international powder magazine. At any moment an explosion might come. But a calm word from Washington, a sober second thought at London, a rise of Christian spirit at Berlin, and the fire was put out and the whole question, upon which hung the issues of peace and war, was referred to the judgment of an impartial court.

It was a triumph for enlightenment; it was the noblest tribute to our day to the memory of Him whose birth we celebrate. But the pity of it is that human nature has taken nineteen hundred years to reach, in international dealings, the philosophy which Christ taught on the plains and from the mountain tops of Judea and enshrined in the immortality of Scripture. Still a thousand years are but a day in His sight and centuries count for little in the cycle of the ages. In that cycle

An increasing purpose runs. And the thoughts of men are broadened with the process of the suns.

But it is not alone the "process of the suns." Time does not necessarily impart a wider view nor a milder character. Some of the most ancient races are now in the abyssal depths, as is the Ethiopian who wears the burnished livery of suns that rose before history began. For the good in the world there is a more fruitful source, a more definite and convincing cause than human experience. What we see of increasing purposes for good, of broadening charity and fellowship, of diminishing war and misery, of brighter hopes of millennial concord, harks back to one stately and clement figure, bearing the world's sorrows and the world's hopes, standing in majesty alone upon the Mount.

Arbitration is the doctrine of Christianity supplanting the instinct of force. It carries into the frictions of world politics the principles of justice. Now wakes the power that in the age of iron burst forth.

To save the weak and curb the strong. Where men were wont to slay each other and lay homes in ashes, and devastate pleasant fields and desecrate the sanctuaries, there is near at hand the spectacle of calm and wise adjudication. Rising high above all other monuments left by the closing years of the nineteenth century, is the court of arbitration at The Hague. As time goes on it will acquire a dignity greater than any throne of earth and let us hope more power and authority than all the thrones save that from which the whiteness of its purposes reflects.

The Secretary of War, in his annual report, has come out squarely as follows for the post canteen. He says:

"Referring to the operation of Section 33 of the act of Feb. 2, 1901, which prohibits the sale of beer and light wines in post exchanges, I said in my last report that a great body of reports had been received which indicated that the effect of the law was unfortunate, but that I thought a sufficient time had not elapsed to give the law a fair trial, and that the observation and report of its working would be continued during the coming year. A great number of additional reports have now been received, and they confirm the impression produced by the earlier reports. I am convinced that the general effect of prohibiting the use of beer and light wines within the limited area of the Army post is to lead the enlisted men to go out of the post, to frequent vile resorts which cluster in the neighborhood, to drink bad whiskey to excess, and to associate intimately with abandoned men and more abandoned women; and that the operation of the law is to increase drunkenness, disease of the most loathsome kind, insubordination and desertion, and moral and physical degeneration. These reports are ready to send to Congress whenever that body desires to consider the subject."

General Miles, who opposed the canteen a year ago, has nothing about it in his present report and is said, on the authority of the Army and Navy Journal, to have been so impressed by the volume of evidence in his favor as to have changed his mind.

The news via Fanning about Venezuela was four days later than that given in the files and special dispatches from which the Advertiser derives its telegrams this morning. It appears from the Fanning advice that the whole trouble, which looks so ominous in the mail news, has been turned over to arbitration, probably The Hague tribunal. This has been done at the instance of the United States. When the arbitration comes off, Venezuela should be able to set up a very good counter claim for damages, using King Oscar's decision in the Anglo-American-Samoan case for what it is worth in fixing a charge of unjustifiable coercion on the part of Great Britain and Germany.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The fact that the exportation of manufactures this year is larger than in any preceding year except 1900, and that the importation of manufacturers' materials is also larger than in any preceding year, lends interest to a statement just prepared by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics showing the details of exports of manufactures and importation of manufacturers' materials.

The principal manufactures exported are iron and steel, mineral oils, copper, leather, cotton, agricultural implements, chemicals, wood, paper, paraffin, tobacco, fibers, cars and carriages, India rubber goods, books and other printed matter, distilled spirits and musical instruments—their relative value being in the order named.

The principal manufactures' materials imported are hides and skins, chemicals, silk, India rubber, copper, tin, wool, cotton and wood—their relative value being in the order named.

The Bureau of Statistics has prepared a statement showing the exportation of these great groups of manufactures and the importation of the great groups of manufacturers' materials in the ten months ending with October, 1902, compared with the corresponding period of last year. It shows that exports of iron and steel manufactures for the ten months ending with October, 1902, were \$1,977,545 against \$85,911,774 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of mineral oils were \$51,175,351 against \$55,140,398 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of copper were \$40,237,245 against \$28,176,263 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of leather and manufactures of leather were \$25,412,535 against \$24,135,932 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of cotton manufactures were \$23,353,131 against \$21,871,264 in the corresponding months of last year; exports of agricultural implements were \$14,546,555 against \$15,322,144 in the corresponding months of last year; chemicals, drugs, medicines, etc., were \$11,199,111 against \$12,006,510 in the corresponding months of last year; manufactures of wood were \$10,410,430 against \$9,216,197 in the corresponding months of last year; and paper and manufactures of paper were \$6,200,165 against \$6,145,705 in the same months of last year.

In importations of manufacturers' materials the figures of the ten months ending with October, 1902, show an increase in nearly all articles. Importations of hides and skins in the ten months ending with October, 1902, were \$43,321,871 in value against \$46,692,776 in the same months of last year; chemicals, which are largely used in manufacturing, were \$48,701,129 against \$45,840,238 in the same months of last year; silk manufactured \$29,276,097 against \$28,996,628 in the corresponding months of last year; fibers, \$28,933,391 against \$21,198,922 in the same months of last year; tin, \$17,773,089 against \$16,248,310 in the corresponding months of last year; wool, \$16,413,164 against \$11,624,278 in the same months of last year; and cotton, \$8,050,468 against \$8,000,238 in the corresponding months of last year.

A series of tables has been prepared by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, showing the exportation of manufactures in each year from 1790 to 1902, and the distribution of each article to every country and grand division of the world during the period from 1891 to 1901, and this analysis shows that fifty-two per cent of the manufactures go to Europe and twenty-four per cent to North American countries other than the United States.

The exports of manufactures amounted, in 1790, to \$1,237,393 and formed 6.1 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the period of 1790-1800 they averaged \$1,972,583 per annum and formed 6.8 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1810 they averaged \$3,035,541 per annum and formed 8.9 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1820 they averaged \$3,056,919 per annum and formed 6.6 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1830 they averaged \$6,021,636 per annum and formed 11.3 per cent of the total domestic exports; during the decade ending with 1840 they averaged \$12,058,712 per annum and formed 10.8 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1850 they averaged \$27,407,478 per annum and formed 11.8 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1860 they averaged \$38,362,268 per annum and formed 16.1 per cent of the total. From that period forward the growth was very much more rapid; during the decade ending with 1870 they averaged \$92,792,242 per annum and formed 16.1 per cent of the total; during the decade ending with 1880 they averaged \$136,017,112 per annum and formed 18.1 per cent of the total exports; during the decade ending with 1890 they averaged \$242,278,374 per annum and formed 23.5 per cent of the total; in the fiscal year 1900 they were \$483,854,756 and formed 31.6 per cent of the total exports; in the fiscal year 1901 they were \$410,932,524, forming 28.1 per cent of the total, and in the fiscal year 1902 they were \$493,641,401 and formed 29.8 per cent of the total.

It turns out that the now famous "Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son," first published in the Saturday Evening Post and subsequently in book form, were written by George Horace Lorimer, the editor of the Post. The letters are about as good commercial literature as any young man ought to pick off a Christmas tree. A sample of their style appears in the following bit of advice which the merchant gave when the boy got to speculating:

"Now, I want to give you that tip on the market. There are several reasons why it isn't safe for you to trade on 'Change just now, but the particular one is that Graham & Co. will fire you if you do. Trading on margin is a good deal like paddling around the edge of the old swimming hole—it seems safe and easy at first, but before a fellow knows it he has stepped off the edge into steep water. The what pit is only thirty feet across, but it reaches clear down to Hell. And trading on margin means trading on the ragged edge of nothing. When a man buys, he's buying something that the other fellow hasn't got. When a man sells, he's selling something that he hasn't got. And it's been my experience that the net profit on nothing is nil. When a speculator wins he don't stop till he loses, and when he loses he can't stop till he wins. "When I sell future on 'Change, they're against hogs that are travelling

into dry salt at the rate of one a second, and if the market goes up on me I've got the solid meat to deliver. But, if you lose, the only part of the hog which you can deliver is the squeal."

The death of Mrs. U. S. Grant removed a woman who has had remarkable ups and downs of fortune. She had known what it was to be the wife of the poor derelict who left the Army at Vancouver Barracks and drifted to San Francisco and to a garret room in the old What Cheer House; to be the helpmeet of a wood-hauler of St. Louis and a tanner of Galena, and then to stand by his side when he came to Washington, fresh from victorious battlefields to receive the highest rank in the army and later the Presidency of the United States. She went with him around the world to be received in every court of Europe and Asia and comforted him when, under the staggering blow of a business failure, the ex-President saw his means of livelihood vanish into thin air. Now she will rest by his side in the most splendid mausoleum of the new world.

The latest news shows that the cable went out of San Francisco all right. It is not very likely to have trouble en route, unless it be in the Molokai channel where some extraordinary conditions may be met. At the time the inter-island cable went to pieces there it was found that the channel's bottom was a mass of sharp edged lava stubble over which the current set more strongly than at the surface. Such a Procrustean bed will test the toughest fiber. However, if the cable doesn't stand it there, a landing can easily be made at Waimanalo, and the line brought over the Pal to this city.

This is a bad time for Hay to get turbulent again, seeing how many German business interests it is pledged to protect.

Honolulu will not be able to send Christmas wishes by the cable but may connect for New Year greetings.

CHRISTMAS.

In dreams I may behold the Master's face As He saw God's, alone in Galilee; But such a supernatural vision do I see Only afar, in other time and place. When fancy-fair would know His gentle grace In this, our hard and ruthless century, It seems the Christ of mystic love must be For the warm East, not this cold alien race.

Perchance He may, through sympathy divine, Come to our clime in patient toil's disguise; Or else in modest knight-hood, with high powers To lowliness transfigured, past surmise. So might we see His matchless glory shine, As his disciples saw—were their faith ours.

HENRY TYRRELL.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

List of deeds filed for record December 23rd, 1902:

First Party. Second Party. Class. J. F. and F. Kelley—A. E. Day..... D L. G. Kellogg and wife—M. E. Clark..... D A. O. Clark—M. E. Clark..... D M. E. Clark et al.—Miss A. O. Clark..... D Palolo Land & Imp. Co.—Jno. M. Lydgate..... D S. Kemahua et al.—M. Kapule..... D Mahuka et al.—M. E. Foster..... D Tr. Gear, Lansing & Co.—J. F. C. Hagens..... D

Dec. 15—H. Nicol to O. Scott, lots 3 and 4, Blk. L, Kapiolani Park Addition, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$150.

D. Pohakahi to W. F. Dillingham et als., D. Int. in Gr. 233 and 1/4 Int. in Gr. 337, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$1, etc.

W. F. Dillingham and As. Atty. et als., to D. Pohakahi, D. one-seventh Int. in Gr. 248, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$1, etc.

K. Kamakau (widow) to W. F. Dillingham et als., D. Int. in R. Ps. 233 and 337, Mokuleia, Waiwala, Oahu. Consideration \$350.

Dec. 16—Wm. C. Achi and wife to A. K. Ahi, D., lots 9 and 10, Blk. C. of Kul. 6450, Ap. 1, Kapiolani Tract, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1350.

C. A. Wright and husband to A. A. Long, D. Int. in Est. of Charles A. Long. Consideration \$1 and Bond \$4,000.

M. de Mello and wife to J. Nobriga, D. por. Land Patent 411, Ahualoa, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration \$600.

Kanakaokai to Honokaa Sugar Co., D. 1/4 Int. in Kul. 8379, Honokaa, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration \$15.

P. Kamua to S. M. Damon, D. por. Kul. 7715, Moanalua, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$750.

Dec. 17—F. E. Nichols and wife to Thos. F. Wall, D. lot 48, Pacific Heights, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

Thos. F. Wall to Fanny B. Nichols, D. lot 48, Pacific Heights, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1.

Mauna Loa's Good Run.

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Cholera among the Moros is imperiling the tribes. Suicides are becoming very frequent in the Hungrarian army. George T. Bohlen, a prominent San Francisco business man, is dead.

Lloyd C. Griseom of Pennsylvania has been appointed Minister to Japan. The captured Venezuelan gunboats are now manned by British sailors.

Chris. McCullough, the Stanford mausoleum watchman, dropped dead. "Lucky" Baldwin had a narrow escape from death in a runaway at Pasadena.

The big St. George winery near Fresno was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$500,000.

Bellamy Storer says the King of Spain and his mother are on the best of terms.

Another Kipling poem is said to be forthcoming and aimed at the British war office.

General Miles will arrive in Berlin on January 15, and will be received by the Emperor.

The House Committee of Judiciary has voted against the introduction of an anti-polygamy bill.

A French magistrate rendered a decision stating that Mrs. Gore's death was due to an accident.

John W. Gates has donated \$125,000 to the town of Fort Arthur, Texas, for municipal improvements.

Geo. W. Prescott, former president of the Union Iron Works, died suddenly at the Palace hotel.

E. T. Pierce, "Bear Tracks," an Ogallala Sioux, has been elected to the South Dakota Legislature.

An effort is being made to secure a pension of \$2,000 a year for the widow of the late Gen'l Frans Sigel.

Herr Antrieck, socialist, made a speech in the Reichstag lasting eight hours, the longest on record.

The Dominion of Canada government has disavowed the recent British Columbia anti-Jap legislation.

Major John Hancock of Washington, D. C., a relative of General Winfield Scott Hancock, was stricken with paralysis.

First Royal Congressman.

Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalaniana'ole, who represents Hawaii in the next House of Representatives, is the first royal person to enter the Congress of the United States.

Already there is much speculation as to just how he will be addressed. He is called at home "Prince Cupid." Those who want to avoid such familiarity designate him as Prince Kuhio, which is correct.

Some may insist on "Mr. Kalaniana'ole," but the name is so long and so intricate in vowels that it is feared few who are not acquainted with the Kanaka language will care to try it.—Kansas City Journal.

The Bishop Estate Wharves.

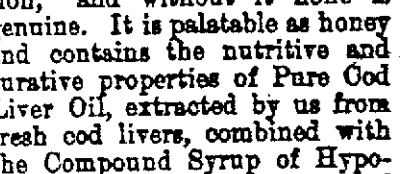
Permission has been granted the Bishop Estate to construct a dolphin at the entrance to its new dock, and this will also act as a protection for the Healan boat house and float. The new dock is now all ready for use and it is expected that the Korea will dock there on her arrival from Yokohama a week from next Sunday.

Riteth Nearly Loaded.

The bark R. P. Riteth has nearly got a full load of sugar, but will sail from here on December 31 whether she has a full load at that time or not.

OF THE MULTITUDES.

who have used it, or are now using it, we have never heard of any one who has been disappointed in it. No claims are made for it except those which are simply justified by experience. In recommending it to the afflicted we simply point to its record. It has done great things, and it is certain to continue the excellent work. There is—we may honestly affirm—no medicine which can be used with greater and more reasonable faith and confidence. It nourishes and keeps up the strength during those periods when the appetite fails and food cannot be digested. To avoid imitations and substitutions, this "trade mark" is put on every



bottle of "Wampole's Preparation," and without it none is genuine. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. Taken before meals it creates an appetite, aids digestion, renews vital power, drives out disease germs, makes the blood rich, red and full of constructive elements and gives back to the pleasure and labors of the world many who had abandoned hope. Dr. S. H. McCoy, of Canada, says: "I testify with pleasure to its unlimited usefulness as a tissue builder." Its curative powers can always be relied upon. It makes a new era in medicine and represents the best medical advice of the twentieth century. Effective from the first dose. "You cannot be disappointed in it." Sold by all chemists the world over.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

There was little change yesterday in the condition of Bishop Gulistan. A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Weight on December 18.

T. Thos. Fortune visited Waiwala yesterday, looking over the plantation at that place.

Judge Gear did not leave on the Sonoma yesterday for San Francisco as he had expected to do.

The Kona and Kau Railway has obtained grants from fifteen owners of real estate for the right of way in South Kona.

Supt. Cooper will probably have his report for submission to Commissioner Eustis today, concerning public buildings in the islands.

Fire warrants were in much demand again yesterday, all the Chinese certificates being presented. All the warrants are now ready for distribution and will be given out upon application.

Nothing has been heard as yet from Governor Dole regarding a reprieve for Tanbara. Supt. Cooper forwarded a wireless message to the Governor setting out in brief the facts in the matter. It is not believed that Governor Dole will act unless upon the recommendation of Judge Estes.

(From Thursday's daily.)

The case of Wilder's Steamship Co. vs. Kamala Sugar Co. has been dismissed.

News from Admiral Merry is to the effect that he is now on recruiting duty at Boston Navy Yard.

"Permission" has been granted the Bishop Estate to construct a dolphin at the entrance to its new dock.

Judge De Bolt made an order yesterday allowing Nina Flint alimony of twenty dollars per month, by consent of her husband.

Judge Wilcox yesterday discharged T. Ryan, the Solace bluesocket, from custody on the charge of taking a watch belonging to C. H. Ball.

C. M. White has given a bond of \$10,000 as chief clerk in the Public Works office. His sureties are L. H. Dee, Henry Davis and J. Hughes.

A daughter of C. J. Hutchins of this city was mixed up in the accident which occurred at the landing of the cable in San Francisco, but escaped unhurt.

Diamond Head Charley had a substantial Christmas gift from the merchants of Honolulu and desires, through these columns, to express his thanks and appreciation. Col. Soper, who got up the testimonial, is gratefully mentioned by the veteran guardian of the Diamond Head station.

Suit was instituted yesterday in the Circuit Court by the Pacific Mill Co. against the Enterprise Mill Company, for damages amounting to \$2,079.27. The plaintiff alleges that certain tools necessary to mill business were taken possession of by the defendants contrary to the plaintiff's rights.

The wreck of the dredger, which was lost in the Pearl Harbor bar opening work some time past, was sold at auction by Morgan yesterday. There were few bidders, the successful one being Gerrit P. Wilder. It is the intention of the buyer to make an early attempt to raise the wreck. The dredger was insured for \$20,000.

Sugar Rush Is On.

Big sugar shipments are now arriving almost daily from the other islands. The steamer Mikahala arrived from Kauai ports yesterday with 5,000 bags of sugar. The bark Alden Besse commenced to load sugar yesterday.

Generals Botha and Delarey have sailed from London for South Africa. The Unlucky Boy is always getting his fingers burnt, his hand cut or his shoulder sprained. His parents should keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the house. This is a liniment of superior merit. One application gives relief. Try it. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, December 24, 1902.

NAME OF STOCK	Capital	Val	Std	Asp.
MEMBERS				
G. Brewer & Co.	1,000,000	100		
L. B. Kerr Co., Ltd.	500,000	50		
SUGAR				
Haw. Agricultural Co.	5,000,000	50		
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,512,750	100		
Haw. Sugar Co.	3,000,000	100		
Honokaa	750,000	20		
Honokaa	2,000,000	20		
Hoku	500,000	100		
Kahuku	500,000	100		
Kihikihi Plant Co., Ltd.	2,500,000	50		
Kipahulu	100,000	100		
Koloa	500,000	100		
McCraw Sug. Co., Ltd.	2,500,000	100		
Oahu Sugar Co.	2,500,000	100		
Opunohu	1,000,000	20		
Opunohu	500,000	50		
Opunohu	500,000	50		
Opunohu	150,000	100		
Panama Sugar Plantation Co.	5,000,000	50		
Pacific	150,000	10		
Pais	750,000	100		
Pepesee	750,000	100		
Pioneer	2,750,000	100		
Waiwala Ag. Co.	4,500,000	100		
Waiuku	750,000	100		
Waimanalo	250,000	100		
STEAMSHIP CO'S				
Wilder S. S. Co.	500,000	100		
Inter-Island S. S. Co.	500,000	100		
MISCELLANEOUS				
Haw. Electric Co.	500,000	100		
Hon. T. & L. Co.	1,000,000	50		
Mutual Tel. Co.	500,000	50		
O. R. & L. Co.	4,000,000	100		
BONDS				
Haw. Govt. 5 p.c.	1,000,000	100		
Hilo R. R. Co. 5 p.c.	1,000,000	100		
Hon. T. & L. Co.	500,000	50		
Hwa P. S. Co.	1,000,000	100		
O. R. & L. Co.	4,000,000	100		
Opunohu S. S. Co.	500,000	100		
Opunohu S. S. Co.	500,000	100		
Waiwala Ag. Co. 5 p.c.	4,500,000	100		
Kahuku S. S. Co.	500,000	100		
Pioneer Mill Co.	1,000,000	100		
SALES				
Thirty-five Waimanalo, \$150.				
NOTICE				
No session Christmas Day.				

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at different times for stomach troubles, and a run down condition of the system, and have been greatly benefited by its use. I would not be without it in my family. I am troubled with weak stomach and nausea, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is invaluable." E. B. HICKMAN, W. Chester, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Strengthen and tone the stomach and the whole digestive system.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

GARDEN ISLAND

News Notes From Across the Channel.

LIHUE (Kauai), December 22.—The new bugs imported for destroying lanterns would be of considerable value here, owing to the fact that our pastures are decreasing as the rapid growing of this shrub covers large areas of land.

Mr. H. A. Jaeger's horse, Racine Murphy, is making a name for himself on the track in Honolulu, and as he is a Kauai horse his future record will be watched with interest by a number of people here.

We are glad to note that the McBryde Sugar Co. is planting trees on their lands, partly on the windward side of their fields as a protection from wind and partly in rich hollows with a view to future fuel. We commend the wisdom of this course.

A. P. Munser and A. Smedley, the Mormon missionaries are making the tour of the island, holding the services at different places. They claim that the number of new converts during the past month reached 35. The total number of the Mormons in this island is now above 500.

Mr. H. A. Jaeger has moved his store from the Government road, making at Wahiawa down to his new Kuli landing. Also part of his quarters for his laborers. These buildings together with the McBryde Sugar Co. camp near there make a nice little village there, and a good deal of activity.

Mr. Sedgwick of the Federal experimental station of Honolulu has been visiting points of interest on Kauai. During the last week he made a visit to Hon. Rice's starch factory at Hualala. He intends to start a farmer's institute here. The bulletin on the disease of water Taio and chicken prepared by him will shortly be out.

There have been a large number of alterations in Elele lately; a number of the old landmarks having been moved out to the new mill, which is a more central location. There has been an abundance of rain here this fall, and the plantation is in a very prosperous condition. The mill commenced grinding on the 8th inst., and a busy season is anticipated.

Hans Schmidt, a former timekeeper at Makawala Plantation, has returned. He left in July, 1900 for China to enlist in the German army then stationed there. He has held the rank of Lieutenant before coming to this country and when the trouble broke out in China his war spirit awoke and he left his position at Makawala. His many friends all hail him welcome and hopes his stay will be long.

Maxim Pondeck, a Galician working at Hanalei was drowned in Kapaia river below the Catholic Church on 8th inst. when the bridge on the government road was also destroyed by the flood. It is reported that he was swept away with his horse by a swift current that came down so suddenly. His body was found in Chinese rice patch on the following morning. He leaves a wife with two children. The youngest one is only 9 months old.

Mr. L. C. Mann, Civil Engineer at Elele, has invented a very simple and efficient electric irrigation meter which is now at work on the McBryde plantation. It is placed in the main ditch and keeps a continuous register of the water supplied to the fields. One of its principal advantages is its inexpensiveness. It is being adopted by the McBryde plantation for all their main ditches and will doubtless commend itself to other plantations.

A vast deal of work is being done by the McBryde Sugar Co. at Lawai in the extension of their railway across the Lawai valley and to Kukuia. This involves two large tunnels and several bridges. The work is well under way and will be finished in about 3 months. This section of the railway will not be needed until June 1, 1904.

In conjunction with this work a spur is being built to the pump in the bottom of the valley to serve the double purpose of conveying coal to the pump and protecting the pump by means of the dyke from heavy freshets.

"The Garden Island" is formulating a meeting of all prominent Japanese in this island to meet shortly at Lihue or Koloa to discuss many important questions, among which that of our labor problem will be also brought up. Seeing that our interest is always identical with that of the sugar industry, we feel it as our duty to work for the welfare of what is the mainstay of the island. We hope the result of the proposed meeting will be the establishment of a Japanese league whose opinion gives a greater weight upon home government than that of merely persons.

The attention of the public is called to a very unique specimen of a tree that is rare in these islands. It may be seen in that part of the valley near the public school, which has recently been cleared and planted. Everything in the nature of useless vegetation has been removed, and only what is valuable is left. In the latter class is the tree mentioned. It is quite unobtrusive but may readily be recognized by its fruit which is of a somewhat pear shape and dingy color. It is a tree of box tree, allied doubtless to the tree mentioned twice in

the Bible with two others. "I will set in the wilderness the fir tree and the pine and the box tree together." It is curiously named in the Hebrew, Tasshur. The thanks of the community are due to the gardener whose experience discovered and preserved this novelty.—The Garden Island.

TOURISTS WILL COME TO HAWAII.

(Continued from Page 1.)

"The passenger agents with whom I talked are in favor of advertising the Islands extensively as a means of bringing tourists to see the possibilities. Some of them will boom Hawaii in their own publications, believing it to be a means of inducing tourists to visit here. The New York Central was especially taken with the idea, and their December issue of the Four Track News contained an illustrated article upon Hawaii, as a starter. They promise also to publish articles in the coming issues, and I am preparing facts and pictures for their use. Another railroad has added a line about Hawaii to their ad. running in the Chicago papers, and nearly all of them promised to assist in a like manner. I came too late to get any notices in their winter publications, which were brought out in September, but next year they will advertise Hawaii extensively.

"All the railroad men say they will do what they can for us, but it will require more than that. It will take lots of hard work on our part and will cost lots of money, but I have no doubt but that tourists can be influenced to come this way if the attractions of the Islands are properly presented.

"Eighty thousand tourists are booked to visit Los Angeles alone this winter. They will spend at least \$100 apiece, so you can readily see how much that amounts to for that city. A part, at least, of this number could be induced to come a little farther and visit the Islands. There are lots of things here they would like to see, and now with the cable there is nothing to stand in the way. If the Associated Press would send out even a small reference to Hawaii it would be published in nearly every paper in the United States, and would be the best kind of advertising for the Islands.

"I made the trip only for the Oahu Railway, but am of course ready to give my views to any of the commercial bodies of the city at their request."

CHRISTMAS IS JOYFULLY GREETED.

(Continued from Page 1.)

and strawberry preserve sandwiches, apple turnovers, tea and coffee, and dainty little bonbon boxes presented by the St. Andrew's Priory girls, and these were filled with candies the gift of the New England Bakery.

A number of presents were made to the Association. Mrs. James Hill, two jars of preserves for the lunch; Mrs. Davis, six loaves of home made bread; Miss Jennings, two Chautauqua course books; Mrs. J. A. Hill, three books; Mrs. S. N. Castle, an Atlas; a gift of 115 bonbon boxes by Priory girls; a large number of apple turnovers made by the girls of Kawaiahaou Seminary; Mrs. Dillingham, two dozen silver teaspoons for the lunch room; a large donation of magazines by Mrs. Pearson, which in time will be passed on to sailing vessels and prisoners in the jail.

The rooms will be closed today.

Coffee Company Capital.

The stockholders of the Kona-Chicago Coffee Company, in addition to taking action postponing the election of officers, at the meeting held in the offices of the corporation in the Stangenwald building on Monday, reached a decision to increase the capital stock from \$50,000 to \$100,000. The intention of the company is to hold the stock of coffee from the time of its being picked until a proper market is found, and this will mean perhaps a year before there will be realizations upon the crop. In this event the necessity for the increase of the capital becomes peculiar and the money will be used entirely in the course of business rather than in extensions at the present time. There are many stockholders in the company who were unable to be present at the meeting of Monday and the result was the decision to hold over the election.

Krum for Collector.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—While no official announcement has been made, it is understood that the President has decided to appoint Dr. W. D. Krum, the colored applicant, as collector at Charleston, S. C. Investigation of the charges involving the integrity of Dr. Krum has been made by the President and it is stated that they have been found unwarranted.

A Protective Pool.

NEW YORK, December 16.—Up to noon no call for assistance had been received by the \$50,000,000 pool organized by the leading banking interests as a protective measure. There has been no currency transfer out of this city for some days, and indications point to a return of money from various interior points.

Illinois Bank Robbed.

BLOOMINGTON (Ill.), December 16.—The bank of Clarence, in Ford county, was opened by robbers last night and \$3,000 taken. The gang cut the telegraph wires to prevent an alarm being sent out to neighboring towns. Citizens were awakened by the explosion, and chased the thieves, but they made their escape on a hand car.

* * * THREE CHRISTMASSES * *

BY WALTER G. SMITH.

THE FIRST Christmas I can recall seems longer ago, even than it is. My father's home was in a little hamlet of a far place and my brother and I were his only children. We had no doubt Santa Claus and had thought to sit up and hide and see him at his gracious task. But the fire in the tall stove burned low, the wind made dismal clamor in the chimney and stormed at the window panes, buffeting the glass with crystals almost as fine as sand. Vaguely listening, we fell asleep and awoke, bewildered, in our bed. Light was dim on the frosted panes and the house creaked as houses do in that boreal land. At any other time so early in the morning we children would not have crept from our safe, warm place and braved the shadows and the cold that lay beyond the bedside, in the outer room; but it was Christmas, and father and mother, albeit sleeping, were near by. A candle was on a bureau and I lit the waxen dip and then, hand in hand with the smaller child, led the way to the place where the long stockings had been hung. In the weak glare of the candle light what wonders were revealed! The stockings that had fallen so limp from their pegs the night before were bulging now like the good saint's furry bag; and on the stand below rested a Noah's ark, gorgeous in bright paint, a handkerchief with horses' heads printed on the edges, some picture books, and mittens; and on the floor a green sled with a name painted in yellow on its shining plane. But for the moment these things were scarcely seen. The stockings must be emptied. Ah me! The gifts within were not bought with a prince's ransom, but what mattered that! The top, the rubber ball, the jackstraws, the sticks of candy, the pocket knife, the mouth organ, and the orange in the toe of the long stocking were worth as much to us as the presents to the little King of Rome had been to him; and the love that came with them from father and mother both, how it spans the chasms of the years and lays its benedictory touch upon the heart of the elder lad and upon the grave of the little one.

It was Christmas on the Coast of Southern California, and what a Christmas it was! When the sun rises, above the big range where jagged peaks loomed althowet the moonlit sky all night like silhouettes upon a yellow and blue frieze, it glittered upon a sea that once more lay as silent as it had on that primeval morning before God's spirit moved upon the waters. The infinite ocean seemed a floor of glass. On the far horizon islands reared their ochered bulk and some of them took strange shapes in the mirage that had fallen upon them like a spell. It was worth the pangs of early rising to see old Padre Serra's cloistered world take on the gallant hues of dawn. As the sun mounted higher its light flashed back from the granite slides of the island of the Blessed Dead, tipped the lighthouse with a lambent flame, lingered scarlet in the eastern window panes, and lost itself among the gray defiles of Mexico. As the day grew and the breeze came on, the sky was swept so clear of clouds that it looked like an inverted bowl of turquoise with a flaming jewel in the center. There was never a more perfect day since the new sky bent over the bower of the first man and the first woman. On the wide, warm lawns people dreamed of by-gone holidays and thought of sleigh bells and the creak of snow underfoot while about them, amid the opening blooms of flowers the humming bird and butterfly made carnival. The orange trees with their golden spheres; the climbing roses that hung the loveliness of June upon the calendar of December; the geraniums and the fragrant shrubs vied with the palms and the acacia and the grevillea trees in making Christmas day worthy of the New Italy it had come to bless.

And what a day it was for the white-clad children, playing in the open air with the gifts St. Nick had brought them. And what a day it was for everybody, high and low, rich and poor; a day of pleasure and abundance, of a sunshine all could share, of a charity all were minded to bestow and of which few needed to partake. As the shadows crept into the day, softening the landscape and sobering the wide sea, the very air, fragrant and murmurous, seemed to bring back the evening of the gray Franciscan monks who once did penance there. It was an hour of waiting and of undertones, of the bowing down of hearts before the descending Host. And when the sun had passed below the sea, the western sky was glazed with amber, against which the island called Corpus Christi, the Body of Our

Lord, became like a dark altar waiting for the sacrifice. Soon moonlight softened the stark lines of the great rock, and the ocean about it, as if powdered with star dust from the Milky Way, sparkled like a field of the cloth of gold. And so Christmas came and went as with royal progress and in a pomp and circumstance and solemn majesty that befitted the kingly memories and glories of the day and the seer-seen tragedy to come.

There was a weird, strident, wailing cry in the air when I awoke on Christmas morning in a walled town of the Manchus—a captured town whose sons lay dead in heaps outside, their frozen eyes glaring with dull hate at the stranger peering unchallenged through their gates. Still dazed from a draught of lethal fumes, I thought that the ravens, uncanny sounds, now rising like the growls of beasts, now sinking to a single inarticulate shriek were some goaded chorus from the Pit, some passionate clamor of the damned and lost. Slowly the light grew, the mind cleared, things got back their natural look and sound. I heard now in the distance, sent back a human note, uncanny enough, God knows, but gratefully and surely human. Afterward I knew that I had heard the matin song of a pagan soldiery, chanted upon the gray old city walls in uncouth salutation of the dawn. But how sad and desolate it made the morning of the Christian holiday. Faint and alone, prone on a brick bed in a room where men had lived but yesterday and now were dead, myself still near the dark valley through which I had been led by an unseen hand—perhaps the hand of him whose baby fingers had been clasped in mine on that Christmas morning so long ago, I had no heart to rise. Outside the tatters of white winter lay upon the ground; ravens croaked upon the tiled roof or hopped awkwardly through the snow; the cold was bitter, and far above, hid by the scurrying clouds, the gent of the gales hastened like petrels of the upper deep to the gathering of a mighty storm. Weary and hopeless of the day, I fell asleep.

When I awoke it was early afternoon. The wind had gone far past and there was a beam of sunshine slanting through a jagged hole in the paper window by my bed. The long sleep had refreshed both body and mind, and hunger pressed for food. Then footsteps crunched the snow and in the army doctor came, and after him a comrade of the field, who stood by with pleasure in his rugged face when the man of science said I was getting better and must take the air. Hot broth was brought, and the breast of a fowl and a brimming glass; and so it came about that, with strength renewed, I ventured to say yes when pressed to join old friends and new that night in a Christmas feast. They would make me comfortable, they said, and if fatigued I might creep into a sleeping bag and rest on an army cot. Chums of camp and battlefield would be there; the old Field Marshal was the guest of honor, unless a Prince of the Blood should come; and noblemen of European armies had been summoned to the board.

It was a never-to-be-forgotten Christmas night. The dining room, a manger carpeted deep with rushes, was a symbol of the Birth. Through the broken roof stars shone with cold, inclement light; and about the table of the feast torches flared and quivered as the hanging goatskins at the doorway were thrust aside to disclose a snowy guest. At one end of the manger a great dragon flag, captured in a fierce fight near by, hung from upper beams, and at the other end a queer painted cartoon flushed red with Japanese victory, was blazoned in bayoneted guns were hung or stacked about; spears and guidons were there, while the flags of many countries, brought by the admiral from his fleet, were intertwined as if in pledge of everlasting peace.

And the generous banquet. It was as cosmopolitan as the guests. Prince and Marshal and Admiral found the tidbits that meant Home. The splendid Russian had his white vodka and his black, hard, smooth caviar, unknown on Western tables; the French viscount found Parisian dainties and vintage of his grape-trilled land; the taotal of the ancient city piled his lacquered chopstick upon food fit for his pagan gods; the Britons and the American feasted as they might have done under the holly and after the grace in their Most Christian countries. And as the night went on into the middle and dead vast of things, from somewhere in the ramen near at hand came one's own music, played by an imperial band—the Oriental chant with which Japan hails her Emperor; the stately hymn, hearing which the Russian stood with his right hand at salute; the "Marseillaise," swinging into

the march of armies, surcharged with memories of pike and torch and sword and liberty from kings; "God Save the Queen," God wot, and then, stirring the soul of the American stranger like the first glimpse of his country after exile, came "The Star Spangled Banner," sonorous, compelling, august!

In the end the British colonel asked his guests to rise, lock arms and hands and sing "Auld Lang Syne." Not all could phrase the Gaelic melody, but even the dark Marshal and the taciturn Prince felt the spirit of the song; and as the billowing air rose and fell I could feel the hand of brave old General Odera tighten in mine. As we parted he said: "When we return home after the war I hope we shall meet again."

Alas, for the kind, white-haired commander! It was on another holiday a little later, the day of the Chinese New Year, when I saw his division sweep through a zone of battle and, like a tidal wave, overwhelm a hostile fort. Down came the dragon banner, and soon the staff was tipped by a tiny flag with the sun disk of Japan gleaming redly, a cyclopean eye, upon the white field. A "banzai" from the victors and all was still. Then from the enemy's fleet, cornered in the bay below, a single shot was fired. It mounted in its great curve and descended like a lightning bolt into the parade ground of the fort. There was a flash, a puff of whitest smoke, and riven by a ragged piece of shell, Odera yet stood erect, unawed, defiant of the summons that had come to him. Then turning proudly, his white lips firmly set, he marched half way to his waiting horse and then fell dead. For him the war had ended. He had gone home. Perhaps, who knows, we comrades shall meet again, not forgetting, even in the music of the spheres, that simple Gaelic song of Christmastide.—From last year's Paradise of the Pacific.

A LUNATIC'S BLOODY CRIMES

LA PERE, Mich., Dec. 16.—John Best, aged 38, single, a man of disordered mind, arose from his bed during the night and cut Jasper Clegg's head, nearly entirely off with a razor, dangerously wounded his own mother, wounded his sister and finished by shooting himself to death with a pistol. Clegg, who was sixty years of age, boarded with the Bests. Best was committed to the insane asylum about a year ago, but six months later was discharged as cured. The crimes of the insane man occurred after 1 o'clock this morning.

Best appears to have gone first to the sleeping room of Clegg. He attacked Clegg with a razor, probably before the old man awoke. The victim's throat was slashed so deeply that the head was nearly severed from the body. The blade of the razor was broken by striking a bone. The murderer then evidently returned to his own room and to bed. The bedding in his room is covered with blood. At a later hour he again arose, went to the room of his mother. He struck Mrs. Best a blow with the damaged razor, but it fell short, though her chin was nearly cut off. She sprang out of bed, grappled with the crazy man and made her way to the door. Here she broke away from him and ran to a neighbor's, where she telephoned for the sheriff.

Best next invaded the sleeping room of his sister and slashed her across the cheek with the razor. When Best heard Sheriff Myers entering the house he appeared with a revolver and began shooting wildly. He aimed the last shot at his own head and fell dead.

The Bishop's Condition.

Bishop Guistlan's condition has changed but little in the past two days. He is growing weaker daily, but it is the belief of those who are watching over him that he will see the end of the Christmas season. His mind is still vigorous and he recognizes all who come to his bedside.

More Trouble in Hayti.

PORT AU PRINCE (Hayti), December 16.—General Saint Fort-Cohn, Minister of the Interior and opponent of General Nord in the contest for the Presidency, has sought refuge in the United States legation. There has been much firing in the city and a state of great excitement prevails.

Cornelius Vanderbilt III.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Dr. Austin Flint made an early morning call at the home of Cornelius Vanderbilt today, and later said that Mr. Vanderbilt was a very sick man; that there had been no change in his condition from that of yesterday, and that the crisis would not be passed for two or three days.

Padilla Flies Colombian Flag.

PANAMA, December 12.—The former revolutionary gunboat Padilla was formally transferred to the Colombian government yesterday. She will leave here tomorrow for Chiriqui to bring to Panama the remainder of the government troops at that point.

The Archbishop of London, who was overcome while speaking in the House of Lords on the Educational bill, is growing weaker.

WANT THEIR OWN HOUSES

Complaints Made to Board of Health.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The complaints of two leprorous women who wanted cottages by themselves occupied the attention of the Board of Health yesterday.

Those present at the meeting were Dr. Sloggett, E. P. Dole, Dr. Moore, F. C. Smith, Dr. Cooper and M. P. Robinson.

A letter of complaint from W. R. C. Campbell referred to a request made by Mrs. Opu for a cottage for herself alone. She is now at the Bishop Home, according to the report of Superintendent McVeigh, and receiving good care. He said that if she was given a cottage by herself there would be trouble from some of the other inmates, as he believed that all should be treated alike. The action of Mr. McVeigh was sustained.

Mrs. Martha Carlson also wanted a house, and asked in addition that she be given a patent toilet and a modern bathtub. She is a German woman, and says it is impossible for her to sleep in the same room with native women. Superintendent McVeigh reported that she had made a good deal of trouble, having asked that two husbands be sent to her as Kokus. She had first demanded of him a six-room house, and afterwards said she would be content with a four room cottage, with a toilet room and bath room. She is also in the Bishop Home, and though she was given the option of taking an outside room, replied that she didn't consider this safe for a woman without a husband. Superintendent McVeigh reported that Mrs. Carlson has means, and that he was willing to allot her land if she wished to build a cottage, but to grant her petition would establish a bad precedent. The petition of the woman was denied.

The tender of Paul Isenberg for furnishing milch cows to the settlement at \$75 each was accepted.

City Sanitary Officer Tracy reported on some faults in plumbing and sanitary arrangements at the relief camp on Vineyard street, known as Kauluwela camp. The property is owned by Theodore Richards, and Mr. Tracy stated that there was some disagreement over the carrying out of the orders of the inspector, which he wished the board to settle. The matter was referred to a committee composed of F. C. Smith, Dr. Moore, and M. P. Robinson.

Dr. Cofer reported as follows on health conditions in the Orient:

Yokohama, two weeks to December 9, 1902, no quarantinable disease.

Nagasaki, two weeks to December 4, 1902, no quarantinable disease.

Shanghai, two weeks to December 2, 1902, Cholera—case, 1; death 0. Smallpox—cases, 3; deaths, 2.

Kobe, two weeks to December 6, 1902, Cholera—case, 1; death, 1.

Hongkong, two weeks to November 27, no quarantinable disease.

REPUBLICANS WILL CAUCUS ON BILLS

When the Republican Central Committee meets next on January 3rd, it will be for the purpose of arranging for a gathering of members of the Legislature elected upon the Republican ticket, here some time previous to the opening of the regular session of the legislature, so that there may be a threshing out of the various matters which will come before the two houses.

The intention is to have such caucuses as will enable the controlling party to secure the legislation which its majority thinks wise, without great delay and by the solid vote of its representatives.

There are many measures which are now being drawn up or are under consideration and these will be gone over in caucus, according to the present outlook, and the decision of the leaders of the party is expected to meet with the approval of the rank and file.

The county bill will be ready for discussion early and it is thought there will be such talk over it prior to the meeting of the Legislature that its passage will occupy short time and the result will be that the work of the entire session may be got through with inside the prescribed sixty days.

A bill was introduced in Congress providing for the purchase of the Nacimiento ranch in San Luis Obispo Co., California, to be used as an army instruction camp.

Wendy-Bremer Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.**

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Now is the Time to Plant SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received. It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few days from the

Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

The Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii
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Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

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CLARK'S B & I PILLS Are warranted to cure the back and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Establishments of 20 years. In boxes of 25 each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midway Corsets Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

DREDGING THE PEARL HARBOR BAR

Rapid Progress Is Made in Good Weather.

Given northerly or northeasterly winds or calm weather, there is in sight nothing which will prevent the early and satisfactory completion of the dredging, which will mean the opening of Pearl Harbor for ships drawing thirty feet of water, within a short time. Despite the many difficulties encountered and the set-backs from accidents and weather, there has been completed the excavation of some 42,000 cubic yards of the total estimated 200,000 yards, which must be moved.

The recent work of the small dredger, which is now putting in two shifts of twelve hours each a day on the contract, demonstrates that the mechanical difficulties which were encountered when the task was undertaken, are practically solved, and all that now remains is to catch the weather which will permit of the work being pushed, and the result will be satisfactory to the contractors, Cotton Brothers, and the sub-contractors, the Hawaiian Dredging Company. The work has been prosecuted with vigor when it is possible to work at all, and the progress has been up to every anticipation.

The problem of using a suction dredge upon the excavation was one which was difficult of solution but the success which has attended efforts of the men interested in the contract has been gained by the exercise of great ingenuity and a thorough knowledge of the capacity of the machine with which Capt. Parker has been able to do so much work. When the task was undertaken W. F. Dillingham went to San Francisco and there was unable to find an engineer who could furnish any suggestion as to the kind of suction pipe which should be used, for the purpose of bringing the work constantly to the suction end of the pipe. The usual form of deep sea dredge, that used in New York and Liverpool harbors, is a vessel which contains not only the dredging machinery, but also the storage tanks into which the sand is pumped and finally taken to sea for dumping purposes.

The departure of providing a scow dredge, with other scows for the transportation of the material taken out, to the dumping grounds, was one which offered no precedents from which to work, and the result was that the contract was undertaken with no previous experience of engineers which would serve to guide the managers. Mr. Dillingham had to return with such supplies as might be found available and the results which have attended the work, have disclosed that none of the previously formed plans were based on correct ideas of the variety of experiences which were to be undergone by men and machines. The first thing to be done was the removal of the revolving cutter knives, which are of service in getting into the hard mud and the softer coral, which is often encountered in inside work. There were difficulties in the way of providing a suitable nose for the suction pipe, which would keep it ever up to the work, and yet would prevent its being seriously damaged by the constant grinding of the roll of the machine. The pipe was fitted with knuckle joints, rubber webbed hose joints were tried and every plan to compensate for the pitching of the scow, and at length the problems seem to have been solved. The dredging machines now work upon a scow which has been given a freeboard above the deck and there has been no occasion as yet when the waves have endangered the machine or the men, as was the case with the larger machine which was lost when its weather anchor cable broke, and permitted the scow to swing into the wind presenting to the breaking waves an unprotected stern.

When the contract was taken over by Cotton Bros. there had been dug out by the scow dredge of the first company which undertook the work, something like 22,000 yards of material. This was brought up from holes which were made by the clamshell bucket, and there was no regularity of the excavation at all. It was only after long and tiresome experience, that Capt. Parker got his machine in shape for undertaking the work in a great degree of surety and efficiency. This was after the hard southern blow of a few weeks past when the larger dredger was lost. The smaller machine was then hauled out to the channel in a wind which was from the northeast and work was begun in earnest.

The receding scows had been found tight and the pumping went on without interruption for a week during which there was taken out a total of 11,000 yards of material. Then the wind shifted to the southerly and again the dredge had to seek the security of Pearl Harbor. Finally a week ago it was sent out again and work was resumed at 6 o'clock on Tuesday last. Within thirty minutes after the anchors had been dropped, the last report that of Monday morning they were up to Sunday morning. The last report that of Monday morning they were up to Sunday morning. The last report that of Monday morning they were up to Sunday morning.

ELLIS' SEEK MORE DELAY

The long-threatened motion for a continuance in the Summer case was filed yesterday by A. S. Humphreys, on behalf of Victoria Ellis Buffandeau and the remaining Ellis heirs, with a number of affidavits setting out facts which it is alleged can be proved by the testimony of W. S. and J. S. Ellis and Bishop Gulistan. An affidavit is also appended from Dr. Herbert, setting out the illness of the Bishop. Mrs. Buffandeau, in her affidavit, alleges, among other things:

"That affiant expects to prove and will prove by said William S. Ellis, that during the trial of proceedings to place said Sumner under guardianship as an insane person, had in the circuit court of the First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, during the month of September last, as alleged in the joint and separate answer of the defendants William Ellis, John S. Ellis, that he (Sumner) was tired of being in court, and that in order to pacify his sister Maria S. Davis, and to have all proceedings against him and his property dismissed, he, the said Sumner, would, with the consent and approval of said beneficiaries under said trust deed, give said Maria S. Davis fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars; that said William S. Ellis and the attorneys of record for said Sumner in said proceedings, protested against any settlement upon said Mary S. Davis; that from day to day thereafter said Sumner renewed his wish to settle said proceedings as aforesaid, until said beneficiaries under said trust deed finally consented to the payment of said sum of fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars to said Maria S. Davis for the purpose aforesaid.

"That thereafter with the consent of said William S. Ellis, John Ellis' aid affiant, and with the consent and at the request of said Sumner, said Robert did distribute a portion of said sum of one hundred and ten thousand (\$110,000) dollars; that out of the portion so distributed fifteen thousand (\$15,000) was paid to said Maria S. Davis, and the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars to each of said beneficiaries under said trust deed; that at the time said distribution was made aforesaid it was distinctly and expressly understood and agreed by the said Gulistan F. Robert, the said John K. Sumner, said William S. Ellis, said John S. Ellis and this affiant, that the balance remaining after said partial distribution ought to be, should be, and was to be held by said Robert trustee upon all and every the trusts in said deed of trust mentioned."

There is another affidavit to show what it is expected to prove by the Bishop, and Mrs. Buffandeau says:

"That affiant expects to prove and will prove by said Gulistan F. Robert, the contents and purport of said will which said will, without the knowledge, consent, connivance, or instigation of this affiant was, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1902, destroyed by said Sumner by burning the same."

"That the fact of the statement to said Robert by said Sumner and said Magoon in connection with the cancellation of said will, as set forth in paragraph six hereof, the contents and purport of said will cancelled and destroyed as aforesaid, and the letters from said Sumner to said Robert, directing a partial distribution of said trust fund, as set forth in paragraph four hereof, cannot be proved by any person other than said Robert and affiant avers, that the testimony to be procured from said Robert is not cumulative, but is indispensable to a proper hearing hereof."

"That this affiant believes the testimony, as above set forth, to be procured from said Robert, is true."

"That this affiant has reasonable expectation and belief that the testimony of said Robert can be procured by the 15th day of January, 1903."

"That this application for a continuance is not made for vexation or delay, but in good faith for the purpose of obtaining a fair and impartial hearing of the issues, and that justice may be done."

Of more than 10,000 cubic yards of sand. Taking the excavations of the first contractors, Clark & Henry, and the twelve days of successful dredging of the present machine, there is then something like 43,000 yards of material dredged out of the channel or more than twenty per cent of the entire amount which must be brought up for the completion of the contract. The progress means more, too, in that the period of experiment has passed and the men in charge know just what they may expect from their machine.

The channel which is now being cut is 130 feet wide by thirty feet deep, and will extend for a total distance of 1700 feet. Of this distance there is close to 400 feet now complete. This will not constitute all the work which is to be done but will materially help in the finishing of it. The channel when complete must be 180 feet wide and have a slope on each side which will protect the channel against washing down of sand in the future. The greatest depth of the channel will be sixteen feet and the dredging rapidly on each side of this hummock to the deeper water which is found both outside and inside.

The dredging develops that the character of the material which is being brought up differs from the usual conception of what would be discovered there. The material is not clean white sand but there is a great amount of black and filthy earth which would indicate that it constitutes the wash from Pearl Harbor, and is filled with the decayed matter of generations.

It is the expectation of the men in charge of the work that the cutting the high of the channel will make it possible for the sea to have free current and thus will prevent the breaking which has a material delay in the work hereof. There may be a degree of scouring of the channel and it is hoped to deepen and widen it.

WILLIE HALL FREE AGAIN

Spendthrift Trust Set Aside by Gear.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
Willie Hall was discharged from spendthrift trust yesterday by Judge Gear, who a year ago put the young man under guardianship of his own motion. Hall has property worth \$50,000 and in a suit brought to set aside a lease given to C. Winam Hall testified that he spent all the money he got for beer, cigars, gambling and hacks, and would continue to do so if he was given his estate. Shortly thereafter Judge Gear ordered the boy into court to show why he should not be put under spendthrift guardianship and Hall testified at that time that he would spend all his money in riotous living, and consented, upon the advice of the court, to have his property placed in trust. Geo. R. Carter was appointed as guardian for the boy, at his own request, but shortly thereafter Hall through George Davis made an attempt to break the trust. This was unsuccessful Judge Humphreys refusing to interfere in the case, and a few months ago another petition was filed by Davis before Gear. This case dragged along, Davis making one attempt to bring it to trial, but when Judge Robinson offered to hear the matter, the attorney said he wanted Judge Gear to pass upon the matter.

Yesterday an agreement was reached for the dismissal of the guardian, George R. Carter in his answer to the petition for discharge having signified his consent to be relieved of his duties.

Hall was put on the stand and testified that he had no further need of a guardian and was able to take care of both himself and his property.

"How long since you have been drinking any liquor?" asked Mr. Davis.

"For a year and a half," replied Hall.

"You never drank anything?" interrupted the court.

"Nothing but soda water and things like that," replied Hall.

"Have you attended any gambling games?" asked Davis.

"Not since I was placed under guardianship."

"Never bet on any horse race, gambling game, or game of chance, did you?"

"No."

"Have you spent your time in riotous living?"

"No."

The spendthrift testified also that he had been working for some time for the Kapoli Estate at a salary of ten dollars per week, and that he had no one dependent upon him for support. He said his property was worth \$50,000 but had been taxed at only \$30,000, though he considered it worth more.

"Do you feel that you are able to conduct your own business?" asked Davis.

"I feel that way at present," replied Hall and the order of discharge was made by Judge Gear, Carter consenting.

This order was as follows.
"This matter came on for hearing regularly before me the undersigned Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit at chambers sitting in probate and upon reading the petition, answer and stipulation and upon examining the record and hearing evidence, I do hereby order and decree that the guardian, George R. Carter, be discharged and the trust so created terminated upon the payment to the said Geo. R. Carter or his attorneys of record, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, of the sum of \$4,325 within thirty days from date, provided said amount be found due said Carter after accounting to this court."

GEO. D. GEAR,
Second Judge

A Surgical Triumph.

NEW YORK, Dec 16—Dr. Adolf Lorenzo of the University of Vienna has begun his series of public operations for congenital dislocations of the hip. Two operations were performed by the Doctor at the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, the patients being little girls, in the presence of about 300 physicians and surgeons. The first operation occupied about ten minutes and the second four and both were said to be successful. Professor Lorenz's assistant, Dr. Frederick Muller, operated upon a third patient, also a girl, the great surgeon finding it advisable to reserve himself for his other clinical engagements.

More Shots at King Leopold.

BRUSSELS, December 14.—As Leopold, King of the Belgians, was leaving the royal train in the station at Laken last night, two shots were fired at him. Neither took effect. It is not known whether the shots were fired by an assassin or by poachers, but in view of the dissatisfaction with the King that exists throughout the Kingdom because of his cruel treatment of his daughter, Princess Stephanie, the shooting is generally believed to have been a deliberate attempt to kill him, and much excitement prevails. The guards who surrounded the King have been redoubled tonight.

FREAR IS REVISING THE LAWS

Chief Justice at Work on His Report.

Chief Justice Frear is hard at work upon a revision of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, which will be presented to the Legislature for action in February, in the form of from eighty to one hundred separate bills with a recommendation for their adoption. The need of an entire revision of both the criminal and civil laws of the Hawaiian Islands has been very apparent since the Organic Act went into effect, but the failure of the last Legislature to appoint a code commission left the matter untouched with an accompanying chaos which has had the courts at sixes and sevens for the past two years.

Chief Justice Frear is now preparing his biennial report to be submitted by Governor Dole to the Legislature, and the suggested new laws, and changes in the old ones will be supplementary to this report. There will also be important recommendations as to changes in court practice, in method of procedure, and as to appropriations, all of which subjects are in earnest need of attention.

"Numerous changes are required in the laws of the Territory, many of which are null and void, others of which are clearly unconstitutional," said the Chief Justice yesterday. "The Organic Act played havoc with the laws of the Territory, and the Legislature in the past often passed new laws without regard to those already on the statute books. Criminal and civil laws are alike defective and there must be many amendments to existing laws, as well as new laws added. I am going over both the civil and penal laws and intend to prepare a revision to be submitted to the Legislature. These will be embodied in from eighty to one hundred bills which will be drawn up for presentation to the law-making body, for such action as it deems fit."

A revision of the laws of the Territory is greatly needed and the work of the Chief Justice will be a source of much satisfaction to attorneys and everyone else that has anything to do with the courts. One of the reforms greatly needed is in the practice, there being necessity for a uniform system of pleading and practice, as great confusion is constantly arising from the present lax methods permissible under the Territorial law.

Another law greatly needed is one providing for the drawing and impaneling of grand and petit jurors, the Territory now being without any such provision. The jurors are summoned under a combination of the old common law and the Territorial statute, and great confusion has resulted in the past because of this.

Probably the law which is most needed to relieve the pressure of business upon the grand jury and circuit courts is one fixing the status of petty offenders. Under the present laws persons guilty of larceny in the second degree can be sent to prison for more than one year, thus making the offense an infamous crime for which there must be a grand jury presentment and a jury trial. This throws an unusual burden upon the grand jury and higher courts, while all these petty offenses under a proper law could be easily and quickly disposed of by the district magistrate. Many additional changes are needed in both the civil and criminal laws, and the recommendations of Chief Justice Frear if adopted will do much to clarify the procedure in the Territorial courts.

FIXES NEW DATE FOR INAUGURATION

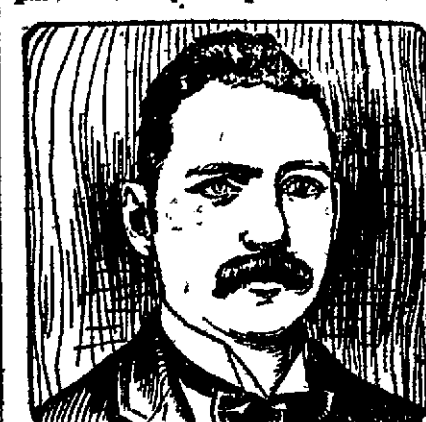
WASHINGTON, December 13.—A joint resolution was introduced in the House today by Representative De Armond, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, providing that the term of the President shall continue until April 30, 1905, at noon, and thereafter April 30, noon, shall be substituted for March 4, as the beginning and ending of the terms of President and Vice President, and that the Fifty-ninth Congress shall end and the Sixtieth begin on January 8, 1907, at noon, and that thereafter each Congress shall begin and end on January 8 at noon.

WHAT IS A COUGH?

A spasmodic effort to expel the mucus from the bronchial tubes. A cold causes a more abundant secretion of mucus, and when the lungs and bronchial tubes are inflamed, they are extremely sensitive to the irritation. Unless care is taken the cold may result in pneumonia, which is swift and deadly. If the cold is a lingering one the more leisurely but equally fatal consumption may set in. Do not neglect a cold or cough. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Be Strong

Why not be strong? Why not have a good appetite and a good digestion? Why not feel well and hearty all the time? You can just as well have it your own way as not, for there is strength, vitality, power, and good health in every bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Always keep it on hand.



Here are the words and the photograph of Mr. R. H. Archer, of Hobart, Tasmania: "I often find myself weak, without appetite, and my whole system all run down. My blood gets impure and I have boils and eruptions. Then I always use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, for it makes my blood pure and rich, gives me strength and vitality, and braces me up wonderfully."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

There are many imitation "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's.

Keep Ayer's Pills on hand and quickly correct any tendency to constipation. It's an easy way to prevent sickness.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

Sugar Four Cents

Marker Strong

This is the latest news. Do you realize that this will bring to the Hawaiian Sugar Plantations several million additional dollars, and that you can expect some dividends next year?

On the strength of this bright future, you can afford to be liberal in your Christmas buying.

We have many beautiful things, useful and ornamental for the home, at prices to suit all.

Our opening night will be Friday, December 19th, with music as usual.

The store will be open evenings every night thereafter until Christmas.

W. W. Dimond & Co. LIMITED.

THE FIRST American Savings & Trust Co.

OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

President.....Cecil Brown

Vice-President.....M. P. Robinson

Cashier.....W. G. Cooper

Principal Office, Corner Fort and King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4% per cent per annum.

Rules and regulations furnished upon request.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co
(Limited.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND
LIFE. Established 1836.
Accumulated Funds \$1,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE
Capital \$1,000,000

Reduction of Rates.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD
AGENTS.

IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the
best containers.

In Lots to Suit.

Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd

ASSESSMENTS.

The twenty-fourth and final assess-
ment of 100 of two dollars (\$2.00) per
share has been called to be due and
payable December 20, 1908.

Interest will be charged on assess-
ments unpaid ten days after the same
are due at the rate of one per cent (1%)
per month from the date upon which
such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be pay-
able at the office of The B. F. Dilling-
ham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building,
(Signed) **ELMER E. PAXTON,**
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.
May 12, 1908. 2383

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PUR-
IFIER AND RESTORER. Cures all
BLOOD DISEASES. It cleanses the
BLOOD from all impurities from
whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Eczema, Skin and
Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and
sores of all kinds, it is a never failing and
permanent cure. It

Cures Skin Diseases.

Cures Sores on the Neck.

Cures Skin Diseases.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.

Cures Eczema and Skin Diseases.

Cures the Blood from all impure mat-
ter. From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheu-
matic pains.

It removes the cause from the Blood
and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste
and warranted free of anything injur-
ious to the most delicate constitution of
either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers
to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WON-
DERFUL CURES

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles
of 3d each, and in cases containing six
times the quantity, sufficient to effect a
permanent cure in the most obstinate
long-standing cases. By ALL CHINESE
DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINE VEND-
ERS throughout the world. Proprietors
THE LINCOLN MIDLAND COUNTY
DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, Eng-
land. Trade mark—BLOOD MIXTURE.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's
Blood Mixture should see that
they get the genuine article. Worthless
imitations and substitutes are sometimes
passed off by unprincipled vendors. The
word "Lincoln" is prominent on the
Label. The name of the Proprietors
Drug Company, Lincoln, England, is
engraved on the Government stamp, and
Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture
is blown in the bottle WITHOUT WRITING
NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., Ltd

HONOLULU.

Commission Merchants

SUGAR FACTORIES.

AGENTS FOR

The Kona Plantation Company.

The Kona Sugar Company, Ltd.

The Kona Sugar Mill Company.

The Kona Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.

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The Kona Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.

ALLIED SHIPS BOMBARD PORT

(Continued from Page 1.)

Other important losers are an engineer
named Martinetti and ex-Deputy Fast-
controller of the Maricopa coal mines,
which were invaded by the Venezuelan
troops, who destroyed everything and
obliged the Italian miners to flee from
the country. All the marble works
in Venezuela besides other industries
were in the hands of Italians, hence
the aggregate of the Italian claims is
large.

The instructions transmitted to Cap-
tain Orsini, commander of the Italian
cruiser Giovanni Bausen, now at La
Guayra, are to act in full accord with
the British and German commanders
in the blockade of the Venezuelan
coast and any other measures which
may be considered necessary in order
to reach the desired object. The Ital-
ian government, however, does not an-
ticipate having to co-operate in a very
serious action.

The Italian cruiser Elba is expected
to reach La Guayra January 4.

No further orders have been sent to
the Italian armored cruiser Carlo Al-
berto to leave Canadian waters for
Venezuela.

It is said here that Signor Mayor des
Planches, the Italian Ambassador at
Washington, has asked Secretary Hay
to request Minister Bowen to assume
the protection of the Italians in Ven-
ezuela if such a step became necessary,
and that Mr. Hay complied with the
request.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Ital-
ian Ambassador today called at the
State Department and advised Secre-
tary Hay that Italy had joined the al-
lies in the operations against Ven-
ezuela. "He requested that Mr. Bowen
assume charge of the Italian interests
in Venezuela, and the Secretary granted
his request, subject to the approval
of Venezuela. Italy enters the com-
bination on the same plane as to ab-
stention from territorial seizures as
Germany and Great Britain.

Falling to hear from Europe as to
Mr. Bowen's proposal to arbitrate the
Venezuelan troubles, Secretary Hay to-
day addressed cablegrams to the Uni-
ted States Ambassadors at London,
Berlin and Rome, instructing them to
call the matter again to the attention
of the governments to which they are
accredited, with a view to securing an
early expression of opinion from them.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Italy's attitude
toward Venezuela relative to the for-
mer's recent demand for payment of
claims has been made known by the
Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs to
the French representative at Rome and
has been communicated to the Foreign
Office here. It shows the demand of
Italy was not accompanied by an ultim-
atum, and there was no suggestion
of an intention to adopt force or join
in the joint naval demonstration.

The French Charge d'Affaires at
Caracas has forwarded his version of
the Porto Cabello bombardment. He
says the cause of it was indignities to
the British flag on board a merchant
ship and he reports that the city was
not injured, the damage done being
confined to the forts, which were de-
stroyed, partly by dynamite.

The Patrie prominently displays an
interview with Deputy d'Estournelles
de Constant, who declares that Europe
is renewing a spectacle in Venezuela
which she had previously given in
China, Armenia and the Transvaal,
and urges Germany and Great Britain
to resort to arbitration.

CARACAS, December 15.—The Ital-
ian Minister Rivas only handed to the
Venezuelan government certain de-
mands which were not in the form of
an ultimatum and which did not specify
any limit of time for an answer. His
note simply asked for payment of
sums due Italy and in case of payment
being made to other countries it asked
for the same treatment.

The government answered today in
the negative to the note of Minister
Rivas, saying that tribunals exist in
Venezuela to judge any claims arising
from the revolutions.

The Associated Press correspondent
is informed that the Italian Minister
has cabled to Rome for further in-
structions.

The correspondent called today at
the Italian legation and saw Minister

Rivas and his wife and two daughters
with regard to the report that they
had embarked on the Giovanni Bau-
sani. They laughed and said: "We
have never left the city of Caracas
and much less embarked on the Italian
cruiser at La Guayra."

There is no excitement among the
people here against Italians because as
yet no Italian naval demonstration has
taken place.

It is now said that the object of the
German cruiser Panther in sailing for
Maracaibo is to capture the Venezue-
lan steamer Miranda, formerly the
Spanish torpedo boat Diego Velasquez,
and the remaining vessels of the Ven-
ezuelan fleet.

BREAK IN MONROE DOCTRINE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Italian par-
ticipation in the Anglo-German action
against Venezuela produces an effect
here, not anti-American, but one of
self-satisfaction and pride at taking
a part in what is considered the first
break in the Monroe doctrine, says the
Tribune Rome correspondent. Parlia-
ment and the public press, without dis-
tinction of party, which is very strange
in Italy, approve the action of the
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PHASES OF THE BLOCKADE.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Secretary Hay's
note excepting American ships from
certain restrictions of the Venezuelan
blockade is favorably received by the
German government.

VENEZUELAN BLOCKADE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—From an ap-
parently reliable source, says the Port
of Spain correspondent of the Herald,
it is reported here that a decree or-
dering the blockade of Venezuelan
ports will be issued Tuesday.

British torpedo destroyer Quail is
reported to be patrolling the Orinoco
river.

AMERICA PROPOSES ARBITRA-
TION.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—There is reason to
believe that orders will be or have been
sent to the British commander in Ven-
ezuelan waters to take no further ag-
gressive action at present, pending a
decision being arrived at on the pro-
posal for arbitration.

This came in the form of a proposal
through the United States Government
to submit the claims of British and Ger-
man subjects to arbitration, which Lord
Lansdowne announced later in the day
in the House of Lords is "now under
consideration by the British Govern-
ment."

PRESIDENT TAKES COUNSEL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—President
Roosevelt and his Cabinet had one of
the most extended and important meet-
ings today that has been held this Fall.
Foreign affairs consumed the entire
time of the session. The Venezuelan
situation was discussed, but no con-
clusion was reached different from that
which has actuated the President and
his advisers throughout the blockade,
on the one side, and Germany and Great
Britain on the other.

From an authoritative source the in-
formation is obtained that there will be
no recession on the part of this govern-
ment with respect to questions involv-
ing Venezuela or any other of the gov-
ernments of South or Central America,
as laid down by the President in his
message to Congress. Every detail of
the development in Venezuela is being
carefully scrutinized.

It can be said authoritatively that no
apprehension exists in the minds of any
of the Administration officials that
serious troubles growing out of it will
accrue to this country. It is believed
that both Great Britain and Germany
will act within the arrangement which
originally was presented to this govern-
ment and to which the United States
passively assented.

The treaty with Cuba, which was
negotiated in Havana by General Bliss
and which arrived in Washington to-
day, was presented to the Cabinet and
considered in detail. It is ready for
presentation to Congress and probably
will be transmitted to the Senate with-
in twenty-four hours. It is regarded as
highly important that it should be rat-
ified promptly, as the present Venezue-
lan situation emphasizes the necessity
for coaling stations in Cuba.

While definite action upon the treaty
by the Senate or Congress, if the neces-
sity arises to present it also to the
House, is scarcely to be expected before
the holiday recess, the Administration
is hopeful of prompt consideration of
it when Congress convenes.

ENGLAND'S POSITION.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Premier Balfour
presided at a Cabinet meeting held at
the Foreign Office at noon today. The
Venezuelan crisis and the King's speech
at the proroguing of Parliament were
the principal matters considered.

Replying to a question in the House
of Lords today, Lord Lansdowne, the
Foreign Secretary, said that if the
seizure of the Venezuelan gunboats did

THE REPORT IS SENT ON

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Sonoma yesterday carried the
recommendations of the local boards
to the Secretary of War for the pur-
chase of the leases now held upon the
Kahului tract, which is to be taken by
the War Department as a military
site. United States Attorney Breckons,
who was ordered to work with Major
Davis and Captain Williamson in se-
curing the title to the lands in ques-
tion, in accordance with the recom-
mendations of the military board
which visited Honolulu about a year
ago, writes one report. It is simply
a statement as to the facts in con-
nection with the negotiations leading to
the options obtained on the three leases
required. These are held by the
Dowsett estate, The Star Dairy and
Mrs. Grace, a ninety days' option hav-
ing been obtained upon each one.
The report contains also a statement
as to the validity of the leases which
it is sought to acquire, that the three
parties named have a clear title to the
land claimed by them.

A report was sent forward also by
the military board, composed of Major
Davis, Captain Williamson and three
Lieutenants at Camp McKinley, which
was designated to examine the site ob-
tained and recommend the locations of
the various buildings to be erected
thereon. The recommendations in this
report will be kept secret until they
are given out from Washington. Both
reports concur in the recommendation
that the prices paid upon the leases be
paid, and it is expected that the Sec-
retary of War will approve the findings
of the two boards. A suggestion is al-
so made that in case haste is required
the cable will be in operation and can
be used for further negotiations.

A NEW ROAD FOR KONA DISTRICT

Bids were opened yesterday by Su-
perintendent Cooper for the construc-
tion of a new road in Kona district,
Hawaii, from the Maguire place to
Puunahulu, a distance of three miles
and 4,030 feet. There were four bids
received.

L. M. Whitehouse offered to build
the road for \$14,259, with nine cents
for each foot of stone fence required.

E. P. Low bid \$11,211 on the road,
\$2,700 for the stone fence and \$2,907
for the wire fence.

W. W. Bruner bid \$8,730.40 for the
road work, eight cents for the wire
fence and five cents for the stone
fence.

J. A. Maguire bid \$11,406.80 for the
road work, \$2,907 for the stone fence,
and \$4,154 for the wire fence.

The contract has not been awarded
as yet.

not produce the desired effect further
coercive measures would be employed.
The matter had been considered in con-
sultation with Germany and it had been
decided to resort to a blockade of the
ports. It was not intended to land a
British force, and still less to occupy
Venezuelan territory.

NO WORD FROM BOWEN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Nothing has
been heard from Minister Bowen at
Caracas since yesterday morning, so
Secretary Hay had no fresh information
to carry to the Cabinet meeting today
relative to the Venezuelan affair. It
was stated positively at the Navy De-
partment that no order has been sent
to the North Atlantic squadron or the
combined fleets under Admiral Dewey
since the departure of the squadron. It
also was stated that the Admiral is at
liberty to dispose of the vessels as he
pleases without regard to the develop-
ments of South American politics.

It will not do to fool with a bad cold.
No one can tell what the end will be.
Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis
and consumption invariably result from
a neglected cold. As a medicine for
the cure of colds, coughs and influenza,
nothing can compare with Chamber-
lain's Cough Remedy. It always cures
and cures quickly. All dealers and
druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co.,
Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

CUTICURA

REMEDIES THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the
skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and
CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is
often sufficient to cure the most torturing, dis-
figuring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes,
itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when
the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of
crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and
soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflam-
mations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for
ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative and antiseptic purposes which readily suggest
themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath,
and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any
other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and
children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA,
the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of
flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for
preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign
or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes
of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST
skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world. Sold through-
out the world. "All about the Skin," post free of Aust. Depot: R. TOWNS & CO., Sydney.
K. S. W. So. African Depot: LUNNON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM.
Co's, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this
port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:			FOR SAN FRANCISCO:		
NIPPON MARU	DEC. 26	AMERICA MARU	DEC. 27		
SIBERIA	JAN. 3	KOREA	JAN. 3		
COPTIC	JAN. 10	GABLIC	JAN. 13		
AMERICA MARU	JAN. 17	HONGKONG MARU	JAN. 20		
KOREA	JAN. 27	CHINA	JAN. 30		
GABLIC	FEB. 4	DORIC	FEB. 7		
HONGKONG MARU	FEB. 12	NIPPON MARU	FEB. 14		
CHINA	FEB. 20	SIBERIA	FEB. 24		
DORIC	FEB. 28	COPTIC	MARCH 3		
NIPPON MARU	MARCH 10	AMERICA MARU	MARCH 10		
SIBERIA	MARCH 18	KOREA	MARCH 20		
COPTIC	MARCH 28	GABLIC	MARCH 28		

For further information apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

A GENTS.

A Christmas Suggestion

One suitable for both ladies and gentlemen, is a pair of
slippers. We have the prettiest and most comfortable kinds
from \$1.50 upward, in the most delicate as well as the most
substantial leathers.

Ladies' Suede Slippers

These are exquisitely beautiful, in pretty shades of gray and
red, satin cushion lined, and combining grace and comfort.

Prices \$1.25, \$1.50.

Elks' Slippers


Made of Elk's skin with initials B. P. O. E. and Elk head
burned on the toe.

Price \$3.50

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited.

1057 FORT STREET.

FAMOUS AMERICAN STANDARDS

Carriages Wagons and Harness Coaches Carts For all Purposes. Saddlery Goods. Buggies Street Sprinklers For all Purposes. Phaetons Street Sweepers		ALL in this list are leading manufacturers in the United States, have high financial rating according to Den's and Bradstreet's Agencies and the products of each house have earned the highest reputation for excellence and reliability. Many desire responsible agents in every section and country and each of our agents can to that end and all will gladly send catalogue. Import attention given inquiries regarding ratings, quotations, etc., by calling this Listing Agency. Cable Address: "CARABTES." CHARLES ALSTON LUTES, Vanderbilt Building, New York, U. S. A.		PIANOS. Baldwin Piano Co., "Grand Prize" Paris 1900. Cincinnati, O., U. S. A.	
STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO. Branches: South Bend, Indiana, U. S. A. Branches: New York, N. Y. Factories cover 100 acres. Portland, Ore. Chicago, Ill. and are the Largest. San Francisco, Cal. Kansas City, Mo. and are the Largest. Salt Lake City, Utah. Denver, Colo. Cable Clifton, "STUDEBAKER."		ELECTRIC GENERATORS AND MOTORS. For DIRECT or ALTERNATING Current Work. Northern Electrical Mfg. Co., Madison, Wis., U. S. A. Ask for Catalogue No. 249. Response by mail.		"PACKARD" for BELTS. Proven to be non-slipping surface that is not adherent. Clipping is improved, no deterioration, perfect easy turning. Built and proven to give protection in any climate. Write for illustrated pamphlet. Cliff Springs, N. Y. U. S. A. Buffalo, N. Y. U. S. A.	
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B E E R. Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.		WELL-DRILLING & BORING PLANTS. Everything required to sink deep wells for Oil, Gas, Minerals or Water. Oil Well Supply Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., U. S. A.		SAFES. (Fire Resisting.) The Hall's Safe Co., P. O. Box 846. Cincinnati, O., U. S. A.	
BICYCLE BRAKE—Morrow Free Wheel 300,000 in use sold throughout the world. Fits any Cycle; the originator. Eckspere Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y., U. S. A.		WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY. Berlin Machine Works, Beloit, Wis., U. S. A.		HATS. E. M. Knox, Fifth Ave., New York, U. S. A.	
GINS and WHISKIES. Fleischmann & Co., Cincinnati, O., U. S. A.		GASOLINE VAPOR LAMPS—For Store, Street and Home Use. The Turner Brass Works, Chicago, U. S. A. Cable address: "The Turner," Chicago.		TOOLS—For all workers in metal or wood. Catalogue No. 16AE free. The L. S. Starrett Co., Athol, Mass., U. S. A.	
TYPEWRITERS—"New Century," American Writing Machine Co., New York, U. S. A.		FILLS Surgical Construction: Vertical system. Most improved method known. Largely used in America. Also Caud Index. Direct from PACIFIC TRANS-PACIFIC PR H. J. GUFFIELD CO., Grand Rapids, Mich., U. S. A.		BARREL-MAKING MACHINERY. The Peter Gerlach Company, Cleveland, O., U. S. A.	
HIGH EXPLOSIVES—Nitro. POWDER, PLASTINE, GRANULAR. The Nitro Powder Co., Kingston, N. Y., U. S. A. Cable Address: "Nitro," W. U. Code.		 SHARPENING STONES FOR EVERYTHING THAT HAS AN EDGE! Bismuth, Synthetic, Basal, Bone, Crystalline, and Corned Runers and Wheels, Gaily Corundum and Abrasive Materials of all kinds. The Pike Mfg. Co., Pike Station, N. B., U. S. A.		STEAM ENGINES—Boilers, etc. Dealers write for prices and catalogue. Comstock Mfg. Co., Comstock, Mich., U. S. A.	
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				RAZORS—"Sax" Safety Razor. Kampee Bros., 8-10-12 Trade St., New York, U. S. A.	

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday, Dec. 23.
Stmr. Maui, Bennett, from Hawaii ports, at 6 a. m.
S. S. Sonoma, Van Oterendorp, from the Colonies, at 5:30 a. m.
S. S. Nebraskan, Greene, from San Francisco.

Wednesday, Dec. 24.

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kauai ports, at 5 a. m.
Stmr. Lohua, Naopala, from Molokai ports, at 6:30 a. m.
Stmr. Hawaii, Nelson, from Hawaii ports, at 8:30 a. m.

DEPARTED.

Tuesday, Dec. 23.
Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports, at noon.
Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Maui, Kona and Kau ports, at noon.
S. S. Sonoma, Van Oterendorp, for San Francisco, at 2 p. m.
Gas. schr. Eclipse, for Maui, Kona and Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.
Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maui ports, at 5 p. m.

Wednesday, Dec. 24.
Stmr. Noeau, Pedersen, for Honokaa and Kukulua, at 5 p. m.
Stmr. Lohua, Naopala, for Molokai, Maui and Lanai ports, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.
Per stmr. Mikahala, Dec. 24, from Kauai ports—Miss C. Finckler, W. J. Moody, J. R. Spencer, Dr. Derby, C. Streckwald, Mrs. Rennie, Ahana, W. Berlowitz, Mrs. Kahalewai, A. Haneberg, D. E. Metzger, C. P. West, W. Schieber, R. W. Rider, R. J. Bishaw, S. K. Kaao, and 48 deck.
Per stmr. Lohua, Dec. 24, from Molokai ports—Miss Emma Kane.
Per stmr. Hawaii, Dec. 24, from Hawaii ports—J. R. Hewitt.

Departed.
Per stmr. Kinau, Dec. 23, for Hilo and way ports—Miss B. Horner, Miss E. Horner, Miss G. Talbert, Miss M. Horner, Rev. Entel Ito, E. R. Bath, Miss E. E. Lyons, E. J. Waterman, John Hind, E. F. Baxter, H. G. Good, M. D. Hall and wife, C. C. Henion, Dr. A. Berger, T. Roth, Miss L. Roderick, Mrs. W. G. Kent, Dr. Gao, H. Huddy, Mr. Fogg, Mrs. M. A. Hill, Miss M. Woods, Miss Mary Low, R. H. Trent, A. M. Merrill, W. B. Greenfield, Dr. C. L. Stow.

Per stmr. Mauna Loa, Dec. 23, for Maui, Kona and Kau ports—D. Kaupiko and wife, A. B. Medeiros, A. Enos, Mrs. Kipapa, G. Kipapa, J. Cooper, L. Vasconcelos, J. Monsarrat, C. E. Lindsay, Augusta Kruse, Mrs. Kruse, J. Greenwell, Mrs. J. D. Paris, Mrs. C. Robinson, and Carrie A. Kana.
Per stmr. Claudine, Dec. 23, for Maui ports—Miss H. Hone, Mrs. C. B. Moore, A. Crook, W. C. Crook, Jr., Capt. Murray and wife, Master Roy Painter, Brother Joseph, Pang Young, Mrs. E. Law, Mrs. Mary Medeiros, T. M. Datte, wife, four children and servant; for Lahaina, Ah Ping, W. E. Devereux; for Kipahulu, Mrs. L. Joseph and child.

Per stmr. Lohua, Dec. 24, for Kamalo—C. L. Wight and wife, J. Lucas and Lloyd Conling.

Shipping Notes.

San Francisco may retain the transport fleet.

W. C. Roe is the new chaplain of the Sons of St. George.

The battleship Oregon reached Yokohama on December 13.

The German bark Werra, from Honolulu, arrived at Astoria on Dec. 13th.

The battleship Oregon arrived at Yokohama from Honolulu on Dec. 13th.

The Canadian-Australian liner Miowera arrived at Brisbane prior to Dec. 13th.

The new Pacific Mail liner Siberia left New York on Dec. 12 for San Francisco. She will make her start on the trans-Pacific run during March.

The transport Hancock is now on the way from San Francisco to Philadelphia.

Captain A. Barron, formerly chief officer of the freighter Californian, now commands her. The Californian arrived in San Francisco from New York on Dec. 11th with a cargo of 8,000 tons of general merchandise. She made the voyage in fifty-five and one-half days.

Tampico Arrives at Sound.

The steamer Tampico arrived at Port Townsend on Dec. 15th on her way to Seattle. The schooner Robert Lewers arrived there on the same day.

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.
U. S. Tug Iquoila, Rodman.
U. S. S. Solace, Singer, San Francisco, Dec. 15.

MERCHANTMEN.
(This list does not include coasters.)
Alden Bease, Am. bk. Kessell, San Francisco, Nov. 6.
Andromeda, Nor. bk. Rotter, Iquique, Sept. 2, in distress.
Archer, Am. bknt. Hanson, San Francisco, Dec. 5th.
Bulle, Ger. bk. Dade, Leith, Dec. 22.
Fooling Suey, Am. bk. Willett, New York, Dec. 22.
Jos. L. Eviston, Am. bknt. Ramsellus, Newcastle, Dec. 21.
Mauna Ala, Am. bk. Smith, San Francisco, Dec. 14.
R. P. Rithet, Am. bk. McPhail, San Francisco, Nov. 11.
Rosamond, Am. schr., Johnson, San Francisco, Dec. 1.
B. C. Allen, Am. bk. Johnson, Seattle, Dec. 22.
B. G. Wilder, Am. bknt. Jackson, San Francisco, Dec. 21.
S. N. Castle, Am. bknt. Nilson, San Francisco, Dec. 1.
S. D. Carleton, Am. sp. Amesbury, Tacoma, Dec. 12.
Sla. of Bengal, Am. bk. Henderson, Newcastle, Dec. 17.
Wallace, Ill. sp. from London and Calcutta.
W. H. Marsden, Am. schr., Curtis, San Francisco, Dec. 6.
William Nottingham, Taylor, Newcastle, Dec. 22.
Willscott, Am. bk. Macdon, Hongkong, Dec. 21.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Army Meat From New Zealand.

CHRIST CHURCH (New Zealand), December 2.—Mr. F. Weymouth, general manager of the Canterbury Frozen Meat Company, has received information from Colonel Sharpe, commissary general of the United States Army, that tenders are required for furnishing frozen beef and mutton to the Philippines. The first tender is for a million pounds of beef and a hundred thousand pounds of mutton, for delivery at Manila by May 15, 1903. The second is for 600,000 pounds of beef and 50,000 pounds of mutton per month, for the year ending June 30, 1904. Tenders must be cabled to the United States consul, at Manila, and close on December 29.

Dolores May Not Come.

There is some probability that Mile. Dolores, the celebrated soprano, will not visit Honolulu as expected. An Auckland paper states:

A private cablegram received in Auckland yesterday from Mr. James Tait, business manager for Mile. Dolores, states that the celebrated soprano intends arranging another New Zealand tour. Her Auckland dates will be in March. Mile. Dolores is at present in Adelaide, and so good is her business that she has cancelled her American engagements. Hence it comes about that at the conclusion of her Australian tour she will revisit this colony.

The Marion Chilcott.

SANTA BARBARA, December 15.—The full-rigged ship Marion Chilcott, Captain Nelson, is in port at Alcatraz landing, west of this city on the coast of Santa Barbara. The port is the tide-water terminal of a pipe line from rich oil wells in the Los Alamos valley in the interior of the county and the Chilcott is the first ship ever loaded at the terminal for a deep-water port. She will take on 16,000 barrels of oil and possibly 50 horses and will then sail for the islands. The shipment to the islands will be the first on a large contract and will bring the county into prominence as an oil shipping center.

Captain Pedersen Missing.

Captain John Pedersen, heavily interested in several companies on the Coast and well known in Hawaii, has disappeared. He was manager for several vessels, and his partners are trying to find him as about \$50,000 of their cash went with Pedersen. He is also alleged to be a bigamist, having one wife in Norway and another in San Francisco. The latter has filed a suit for maintenance. Pedersen sold his interests in various vessels before disappearing. A receiver has been appointed for his property.

Hoffman and Sharratts Here.

Among the passengers who arrived on the Oceanic liner Sonoma from Samoa yesterday were Frank Sharratts and O. Hoffman, who were members of the schooner Herman party. Hoffman and Sharratts sailed alone from Honolulu to Apia with Captain Brown and it had been stated that the latter practically marooned them at that point. Hoffman and Sharratts will not return to the Herman expedition as they are to remain here until the Korea arrives and then return to San Francisco on that vessel.

Could Not Double the Horn.

The British ship Galena which has arrived at San Francisco after a voyage of 173 days from Antwerp made two unsuccessful attempts to double the Horn, had two suits of sails carried away in heavy gales, and finally made the voyage around the Cape of Good Hope.

The Transport Service.

Seattle will not get the transport business. San Francisco is to retain it, and her railways and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have guaranteed to meet any rate of the Seattle companies. The transports may ultimately be granted American register and leased to a San Francisco combination.

Shearwater at Fanning Island.

The British sloop-of-war Shearwater arrived at Fanning Island on December 19, and received news of the mutiny after which three men were supposed to have escaped to Pitcairn Island. The cruiser will try to find the mutineers on her arrival at Pitcairn.

Cannibals in New Guinea.

The Sonoma brought news from the colonies to the effect that cannibalism has again broken out in New Guinea. Natives in the vicinity of Marubare gold fields recently killed and ate two Australian miners who were at work there.

Would Not Carry Lepers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—A Chinese couple was refused passage on the steamer Doric, sailing Thursday for the Orient, on the ground that he was afflicted with leprosy.

W. B. Flint on the Way.

The bark W. B. Flint sailed from San Francisco for Honolulu on Dec. 13th.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy loosens the cough, relieves the lungs and cures the secretions. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. It is unequalled for bad colds. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Honolulu.

STILL BURN STRONG LIGHTS OFF HARBOR

"I understood from references that were made concerning the matter a few days ago that these Jap fishermen had agreed to keep away from the entrance to the harbor channel and to stop burning those big lights off the harbor but there has been no abatement of this nuisance and danger," said an officer of a steamer yesterday.

"A few nights ago a big steamer had to change her course twice while off the harbor to avoid running down one of those sampans. Another steamer when being taken out of the harbor at night recently found that there was a sampan anchored at the harbor entrance. The Japanese in this sampan could see the steamer coming. In fact he could not help seeing her under any conditions and the steamer was going at a slow rate of speed. It was impossible to change the course of the steamer as it was still in the channel and in order to avoid smashing up that sampan and drowning its occupants the steamer put herself in some danger by going a trifle off her course and also by stopping her engines. The Jap made no attempt to move but set up a terrible lot of hollering. Well the bow of the steamer just grazed his boat and pushed it a little to one side. The sampan was not injured but had the steamer been going at even ordinary speed that sampan would have been stove in to kindling wood.

"I have talked with many skippers of deep water craft," the mariner continued, "and I find that each one of them would prefer to have a fairly stiff gale blowing off shore when arriving here at night as they are practically certain then that there will not be a couple dozen sampans a couple of miles off shore burning lights that would put a lighthouse lamp to shame. Do you know I have seen during the last few days dozens of lights on those sampans which are much more powerful than either of the red lighthouse lamps. The pilots light up the channel when bringing in a vessel after dark but their lights don't begin to approach, in the matter of strength, those sampan lights.

"I think it is about time that some pretty stiff rule was adopted in regard to these fishermen. Some foreign steamer will get on the reef through them some night. Someone will wake up then but it will be too late."

The old sporting paper, "Spirit of the Times," has gone under at New York.

CARRIES THE STRAIN

Quite a strain on a child to grow. You find it about all you can do to live along as you are and keep well. Your child has to do all that and grow besides. Some children can't stand the extra strain. They get weak and sickly as a result of it.

This is where Scott's Emulsion does some of its best work. It is a strong "growing" medicine. It starts up new life in the backward child and strengthens the weak ones.

Scott's Emulsion takes all the extra strain and carries the children along until they are strong enough to stand it alone.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION. This successful remedy, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Roustan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combined all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of this kind, and surmounts every difficulty hitherto experienced. THERAPION No. 1 maintains its world-renowned and well-merited reputation for its cures of the kidneys, pains in the back, and other ailments, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless. THERAPION No. 2, for purifying the blood, cures, pruritus, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of joints, gonorrhea, and all diseases for which it has been so much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, etc., to the destruction of suffering souls and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body. THERAPION No. 3, for exhaustion, sleeplessness, and all disorders, cures the consequences of dissipation, worry, overwork, etc. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigor to those suffering from the enervating influences of long residence in hot, malarious climates. THERAPION is sold by the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. Price in England, 2s. 6d. and 1s. 6d. in order to state which of the three numbers is required, and observe that the word "THERAPION" appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

BY AUTHORITY.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the Estate of Hana Parker (w), late of Waimea, Island of Hawaii, deceased, intestate, are hereby notified to present the same, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, at his office in the Stangenwald Building, in Honolulu, T. H., within six months from date hereof or they will be forever barred.

ALFRED W. CARTER, Administrator Estate of Hana Parker, Deceased, Intestate. Dated Honolulu, H. T., Dec. 10th, 1902.

2445—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 1903.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING

been duly appointed as Administrator of the Estate of David Trask, late of Koolau, Island of Kauai, deceased, hereby gives notice to all creditors of said deceased to present their claims, duly authenticated, and with proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to him, either at his residence or place of business, within six months from the day of this publication, or within six months from the day they fall due. If not so presented they will be forever barred.

(Signed) HANS ISENBERG, Administrator of the Estate of David Trask.

Lahue, Kauai, December 3, 1902. 2443—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated September 23, 1900, made by Kaluna Kapela and Wahinekapu of Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagors, to the Kona Trading Company of said Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in book 213 on pages 312 and 313, the said mortgagee, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of a portion of Grant No. 1501 of Kanehahua, situate in Moenano, North Kona, and being the property formerly leased to W. Akau (Ch.) together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deed at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees.

G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees. 2445—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage, dated May 25, 1899, made by W. M. Kalauiwa of Kailua, N. Kona, Hawaii, mortgagor, to the Kona Trading Company of Kailua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Registrar's office of Oahu, in book 192 on pages 367-368, the said mortgagee, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailua, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered by said mortgage consists of a part or parcel of land situate at Kealahou, North Kona, Hawaii, containing an area of 20 acres more or less and being Lot No. 3 of the homesteads there situate, together with the buildings, appurtenances, etc., to the said property belonging. Terms cash, deed at purchaser's expense.

For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.

Dated December —, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY, Mortgagees.

G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees. 2445—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 18, 1899, made by Jesse Makana of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in book 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesaid, on Saturday, the 10th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

1. Four lots in Kalihi being Ap. 1 and 13 of R. P. 2320 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3506 to Pomakela and 1 of R. P. 1502 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahuiku, making in all 5.90 acres.

2. Premises covered by R. P. 32854 to Mahoe in said Kalihi covering 2.02 acres.

3. A parcel of land in said Kalihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 631 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahala, covering .70 of an acre.

4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoining Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki, and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kalihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Kekio Tract being Lot 12 as described in book 172 at page 115, Hawaiian Registry of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 Land Commission Award No. 5991 to Pehu.

Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H.

Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE. 2445—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Amy Josephine French, Libellant, vs. Townsley Thorndyke French, Libellee.—Term Summons.—Label for Divorce.

The Territory of Hawaii: To the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Oahu, or his Deputy:

You are commanded to summon Townsley Thorndyke French, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the November Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 3rd day of November next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Amy Josephine French, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed Label for Divorce.

And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. J. T. De Bolt, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, this 8th day of October, 1902.

(Sig.) J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

The foregoing is a true, full and faithful copy of the original summons in said cause, and it is hereby certified that said cause was continued to the February, 1903, Term of said Court and that in the meanwhile publication of said summons be made according to law.

Witness my hand this 25th day of November, 1902.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk Judiciary Department. 2439—47P.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

Franc Robbins Winslow vs. Henry E. Winslow.—Term Summons.

The Territory of Hawaii: To the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Oahu, or his Deputy:

You are commanded to summon Henry E. Winslow, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 4th day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Franc Robbins Winslow, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. Abram S. Humphreys, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu this 13th day of May, 1902.

J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

Territory of Hawaii, Island of Oahu, ss. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original summons in said cause, and that the said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next February, A. D. 1903, Term of this Court.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii. 2441—Dec. 5, 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated September 30th, 1897, made by Meleana Davis and William A. Davis of Wales, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, and Ilama (K) of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory aforesaid, mortgagors, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in book 174 on pages 123-125 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the District of South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:

1st. All of the undivided two-thirds interest of said mortgagors in Royal Patent (Gr.) 1585 to Preston Cummings, containing an area of 137 acres in Waiea, South Kona, Hawaii.

2nd. All of those premises described in Royal Patent 5394, Kuleana 10,389, to Nuhl, containing 4.25 acres, and situate in Kealia 2, South Kona, Hawaii, and conveyed to said Meleana Davis by deed of Henry Smith, Commissioner, recorded in book 172 pages 365-366, records of said Registrar's Office.

Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Honolulu, T. H.

Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. WM. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE. Mortgagee. 2445—Dec. 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by John D. Holt, Jr., to Mary E. Soper, dated December 16th, 1898, recorded in book 157, page 150, now held by Wailua Agricultural Company, Limited, as assignee, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of both interest and principal.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee.

Dated Honolulu, December 23rd, 1902.

THE WAIALUA AGRICULTURAL COMPANY, LIMITED.

Assignee of Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

1st. One undivided ninth share in the property and estate of Owen J. Holt, deceased.

2nd. One undivided twenty-seventh share in the Estate of R. W. Holt, deceased, which estate covers amongst other property, the following tracts of land:

The Ahupuaa of Paalaa in Waialua, Oahu, Apana 34 of Royal Patent 4475, in L. C. Award 7713, said to contain..... acres.

The Ahupuaa of Makaha, Waialua, Oahu, Apana 5 of Royal Patent 2243, on L. C. Award 19613, said to contain: Grant 235, Kamananui, Waialua, 36 acres.

Grant 235, Kamananui, Waialua, 26.4 acres.

Grant 431, Paikaula, Waialua, 106 acres.